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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

W. H. Smyth, postmaster at Atlanta, is dead. —— Bill establishing a permanent census office, passed the Senate; bill extending charters of National banks also passed. —— Two thousand persons p rished in the earthquake last week at Shamaka. ——The revenue reduction bill passed the House under the gag rule, cutting off debate on amendments. —— A bill has been introduced in the Senate providing for the transfer of Naval Constructor Hobson to the retired list. —— The Senate has approved the treaty with Denmark ceding to the United States, for five million dollars, the islands of St. Thomas, St. Croix and St. John, just east of Porto Rico. —— Republican members of the House decided to secure appointment of a special committee to consider questions relating to the disfranchisement of voters. —— Masked men took a negro from jail at New Madrid, Missouri and hanged him. —— New York city and the eastern part of the State were swept yesterday by a blizzard, the fiercest in many years. —— The national society of the Daughters of the American Revolution convened in Washington, D. C. —— New York markets: Money on call steady; cotton—quiet at 8 13-16c; flour market was very dull; wheat —spot firm, No. 2 red 88½c; corn —spot easier, No. 2 67½c; oats—spot steady, No. 2, 48½; rosin—steady, spirits turpentine steady.

WEATHER REPORT

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Feb. 17.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 33 degrees; 3 P. M., 35 degrees; maximum, 41 degrees; minimum, 32 degrees; mean, 36 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, T.; rainfall since 1st of the month to date, 1.51 inch.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—For North Carolina: Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; slightly colder Tuesday; fresh to brisk northwesterly winds on the coast.

Port Almanac---February 18.

Sun Rises	6 47 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.43 P. M.
Day's Length	10 H. 56 M.
High Water at Southport	4.12 A. M.
High Water Wilmington	6 43 A. M.

Butter from Siberia is beginning to have the run in European markets. The pasturage of that country is unbounded.

India is threatened with another famine and a worse one than the last, which was bad enough to suffice for a generation or two.

A St. Louis man declares that a successful flying machine may be built for $300. Here is a chance for some one with a limited capital to go into the flying machine business.

The present population of Siberia is 8,000,000. But it is said to be capable of supporting a population ten times as large as that. It is the Mississippi valley of the Eastern hemisphere.

Congressman Weeks, of Michigan, who spent several weeks in Manila and had several chats with Aguinaldo, thinks the best thing that could be done with him would be to "let him escape" and make it easy for him.

The Mobile *Register* doesn't think Senator Morgan shows good tact engineering his canal by jumping onto everybody who differs from it. The *Register* is right, but Senator Morgan is a natural born jumper.

New Jersey is preparing for an aggressive spring and summer campaign against the mosquito. The Legislature has appropriated $50,000 to purchase ammunition for the first campaign. It is proposed to shoot a lot of oil at them.

The German statesmen may think they would get even with the United States by levying retaliatory duties on American imports, but that's a case of biting one's nose to spite his face. The higher the duties the more the German purchaser will have to pay for the stuff he buys.

Some people are scolding Mr. Schwab because he doesn't buy pictures instead of playing his money on gaming tables. But perhaps Mr. Schwab doesn't see much difference in being buncoed by a gambler or a picture seller who palms off a cheap picture at a high price on the man with more money than artistic judgment.

The New York *Sun* calls attention to the fact that for the first time in many years there is no Ohio man in the President's cabinet, none holding any of the higher or executive diplomatic offices, and no native or former resident of that State on the Supreme Court bench. This looks as if Ohio might be losing her grip. And even Hanna has "swunk."

SEACOAST RAILROAD.

System Will Not be Converted Into a Trolley Car Line This Season.

THE MEETING YESTERDAY.

Stockholders Went Carefully Over the Grounds—Delay in Consolidation Project and Inability to Get Equipment Early

The Wilmington Seacoast railroad, extending from Wilmington ten miles, to Wrightsville beach, will not be converted, this year at least, into a trolley system as was hoped for several months after the recent purchase of property by interests represented by Hugh MacRae & Co.

The decision as above was reached at an adjourned annual meeting of the stockholders of the company held yesterday morning. Of course the meeting was private, but after its adjournment Mr. Hugh MacRae, its president, gave the following statement to the press:

"After going over the grounds thoroughly the stockholders decided that it wouldn't be practicable to electricize the Seacoast road this season, as the class of equipment the company wanted could not be delivered within from eight to twelve months. Some unexpected delays were met with in consolidating the Wilmington Seacoast road, the Gas Light Company and the Street Railway Company and the delay in this has made it necessary to delay the decision in regard to electrifying the road to a time when ordering the equipment becomes the insurmountable obstacle. The stockholders expressed themselves as being in favor of electrifying the road and still have plans under consideration with a view to consummating them when the other obstacles are removed."

Mr. W. W. Randolph, consulting engineer of the company, was not present at the meeting as was expected when the regular annual meeting was adjourned a week or ten days ago.

The people of Wilmington would welcome a change of the system to an electric road and had cherished the hope for a long time after the recent purchase of the property that the conversion would take place in time for the season of 1902.

TO SUPPRESS POLYGAMY.

Christian Denominations of Wilmington Asking for Stringent Legislation.

At the regular service at the First Baptist church Sunday night Dr. Blackwell, the pastor, exhibited and secured a number of signatures to a petition memorializing the 57th Congress to propose an amendment to the National Constitution, and submitting the same to the Legislatures of the several States, defining legal marriage to be monogamic, and making polygamy under whatsoever guise or pretence, a crime against the United States, punishable by severe penalties, including disfranchisement and disqualification to vote or to hold office of honor or emolument under the United States or any State or territory thereof.

The petitions are in printed form from the Willet Press, of New York, and are used all over the United States in a systematic effort by the Christian denominations to suppress Mormonism. Dr. Blackwell distributed copies of the petition to pastors at the Ministerial Union meeting yesterday morning and the general petition that will go to Washington very soon from all over the country will likely be appreciably swelled by the signatures from Wilmington.

Funeral of Benj. A. McClammy.

The funeral of the late Benj. A. McClammy, whose death was noted in these columns Saturday, was held from Fifth Street Methodist E. Church Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, The services were conducted by Rev. Jno. H. Hall, pastor of Fifth Street M. E. church, assisted by Rev. Mr. Webster, pastor of Bladen street M. E church. There was a goodly number of friends in attendance and the services were very impressive. The remains were taken to the old McClammy burying ground near Summer Rest where the interment was made. The following were pall bearers. Honorary, W. K. Bell and W. H. Hardy; active, T. G. Landing, M. Marshburn, W. H Register, Jno. T. Sholar, J. W. Fleet and Basil Wilson.

Sunday Night Fire.

Fire which originated from sparks from the chimney, almost completely destroyed the kitchen and dining room and badly damaged the furniture by smoke at the residence of Mr. A. C. Sneed, No. 213 South Second street, Sunday night. An alarm came into the department at 11:10 P. M. from box 43 and it required good work on the part of the firemen to save the residence proper. The building is owned by Miss J. N. Cronly, trustee, and was damaged about $300. Mr. Sneed's damage was almost as much. Both losses were covered by insurance with Col. Walker Taylor's agency.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

H. J. Bierman & Co.—Oatmeal.
Daughters of Rebekah—Festival.
Hardin's Pharmacy—Chest protec'rs
Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.—New interest quarter.

BUSINESS LOCALS

W. W. Koch—Consumers of wood.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Owing to the sickness of the secretary, there was no meeting of the Board of Directors of the Merchants' Association yesterday afternoon.

— The Ladies' Aid Society of Fifth Street M. E. Church will give an entertainment Thursday night at the residence of Mr. J. W. Hewlett, Fifth and Church streets.

— The Raynham Supply Company, of Raynham, N. C., has been organized with a capital stock of $30,000. It proposes to conduct a general mercantile and lumber business.

— The revenue cutter *Algonquin* arrived in port yesterday noon from a cruise along the North Carolina coast, whither she was ordered to look out for a derelict which was considered dangerous to navigation. No trace of the wreckage could be found.

— The Boys' Department of the Y. M. C. A. has on foot plans for a pet stock show to be given upon a date to be decided later. The boys are enthusiastic over the prospects of the show and there will be many dogs, cats, rabbits, etc., on exhibition.

— A musical and social fete will be given this evening at the home of Col. and Mrs. F. W. Foster, No. 110 North Sixth street, under the auspices of the Woman's Auxiliary. There will be music, reading and phonographic selections. Refreshments will be served.

— James R., the little 4-year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Richard McCabe, No. 513 Wooster street, died Sunday morning of pneumonia. The funeral was conducted at 3 P. M. yesterday from the family residence by Rev. Jos. P. King and the interment was in Bellevue Cemetary.

— Chas. T. Ford, the Southern dialect reader and humorist, will deliver two lectures in Wilmington, March 27th and 28th, under the auspices of the Woman's Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. Prof. Ford lectured here several years ago and made a profound impression on all who heard him.

— The schooner *C. C. Lane* arrived yesterday from New York with coal for J. A. Springer & Co. She cleared this port Jan. 23rd with a cargo of 325,000 feet of lumber, discharged it, loaded coal and is now back in port, all of which makes a remarkable record for the season of year.

— Judge Purnell has ordered that after this date all prisoners sentenced to services in the penitentiary in the U. S. Court for the Eastern District of North Carolina shall be sent to Atlanta, Ga., instead of to Nashville, Tenn., as heretofore, Female prisoners from this district will, however, continue to be sent to Nashville.

REV. J. J. PAYSEUR RESIGNED.

Pastor of Brooklyn Baptist Church Will Soon Leave for U. S. Army.

At a conference of Brooklyn Baptist church, held after the morning service Sunday, Rev. J. J. Payseur, the pastor who recently received an appointment as chaplain in the U. S. Army, tendered his resignation and the same was regretfully accepted. Rev. Mr. Payseur will preach his farewell sermon to the congregation on to-morrow night and soon thereafter he will leave to undergo the preliminaries necessary to enlistment. Rev. Mr. Payseur has an interesting family consisting of a wife and three little children. They will remain here for the present until Mr. Payseur is permanently located.

Rev. Mr. Payseur came to Wilmington a little more than two years ago and has greatly endeared himself to the congregation from which he is about to separate. His leaving will be greatly regretted. Thus far no steps have been taken to secure a successor to Mr. Payseur, but it is likely that a call will be extended in the near future.

Lenten Services at St. Paul's.

Services at St. Paul's church will be as follows for the remainder of Lent: Evening Prayer at 5 P. M. every day. On Wednesday at Evening Prayer there will be a brief Lenten Meditation upon the Collect for the preceding Sunday, and on Friday a short lecture upon some one of the offices of the Prayer Book. The Confirmation class will meet for instruction at the church on Sunday afternoon, immediately after service. The services for Holy Week will be Morning Prayer at 11 A. M. on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday. Evening Prayer, Sermon and the Holy Communion at 7:30 P. M., on Thursday. Morning Prayer and sermon at 11 A. M. on Good Friday. Evening Prayer at 5 P. M. on Saturday. The attendance at St. Paul's Lenten services is very gratifying.

Will be Married This Afternoon.

Miss Minnie Gold Davis, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Eli S. Davis, of this city, and Mr. James Elward Ennett, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Ennett, of Middle Sound, will be married this afternoon at 3 o'clock by Rev. Dr. Calvin S. Blackwell, at the home of the bride's parents. Mr. Ennett conducts a grocery store at Thirteenth and Market streets, and both the bride and groom are popular with a wide circle of friends.

Daughters of Rebekah.

Letitia Lodge No. 3 Daughters of Rebekah will hold a festival Friday evening, February 21st, at the residence of Mrs. Dudley, corner of Second and Castle streets. Refreshments will be served at regular prices, but there will be no charge for admission.

JUNIORS ARRIVING.

Upwards of a Hundred Members of State Council, Jr. O. U. A. M. Are Here.

THE 11TH ANNUAL MEETING.

Headquarters Opened at Bonitz House. Public Exercises in the Opera House This Afternoon—Those Who Are in Wilmington.

Upwards of a hundred visitors arrived in the city yesterday and last evening to attend the eleventh annual State Council of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, which will be convened this afternoon and continue with daily sessions until Thursday. As many more delegates and officers of the Council are expected to reach the city to-day.

Among the officers of the Council who arrived last night are State Councilor C. B. Webb, of Statesville; Junior Past State Councilor B. S. Nissen, Winston-Salem; State Council Secretary Sam F. Vance, Winston Salem; State Council Conductor J. N. Maxwell, Salisbury; State Council Inside Sentinel W. E. Yopp, Wilmington; State Council Outside Sentinel W. A. Fogleman, Salisbury, and State Council Chaplain, Rev. W. H. Roach, High Point.

The remaining officers expected today are State Vice Councilor J. B. Moore, Washington; State Council Treasurer J. T. Thacker, Greensboro; State Council Assistant Secretary R. H. Fulghum, Wilson; State Council Warden T. G. Cobb, Morganton, and National Representatives W. E. Faison, Raleigh, and Rev. C. A. G. Thomas, Thomasville.

The visitors were met at the station by a reception committee, consisting of Messrs. Jno. E. Wood, J. T. Burke, Jos. F. Craig, W. E. Yopp, W. F. Brittain and others, and a majority of them were taken to the Bonitz House, where headquarters have been opened in the store next east of the hotel office. A large banner was placed over the door yesterday by Clerk W. A. Bonitz, who will make everything as comfortable as possible for his guests. The greatest number—forty-four—arrived last night on the belated A. & Y. train, a special car having been provided for them as far as Fayetteville. Others came in on the W. & W. and Carolina Central roads.

The Grand Council will formally open at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon in the Court House, Councilor Wm. J. Bellamy, of Wilmington, presiding. Prayer will be offered by Rev. B. H. Hewlett, of Masonboro Sound, and Councilor Bellamy will introduce Mayor A. M. Waddell, who will deliver the address of welcome. The response will be by Prof. E. P. Mangum, superintendent of the Graded Schools at Wilson, Hon. Spencer Blackburn having found it impossible to be present. The public is most cordially invited to these exercises.

After the public demonstration, members of the State Council will repair to the lodge room on South Front street where an executive session will be held.

At night an oyster supper will be served to the visitors by the local lodge at the Bonitz House. There will also be a session of the Council the same night.

Wednesday will be the "big" day for the Juniors and the sessions will continue well nigh all day, with an election of officers and a grand banquet and speech-making in the annex of the lodge room afterwards.

Members of the State Council, who have already arrived, are a fine-looking body of men and Wilmington is glad of the opportunity of entertaining them. The order is a strong and influential one, especially in the Western part of the State. In Wilmington Jeff Davis Council No. 63 is only two years old but it is a lively Junior "baby" with something over 120 members. There is also a flourishing lodge at Southport, which will send up a good delegation for the meeting.

Among those who arrived last night are the following:

At the The Orton—Rev. J. C. Troy, editor of *Trojan's Nation*, Durham; G. D. Langston, W. L. Harvey and R. E. Pickett, Durham; J. W. Cameron, L. E. Pickard and M. L. Hawley, East Durham; S. S. Rhyne, Newton; W. F. Bruns, Hickory; B. S. Nissen, Winston; R. S. Stewart, and E. C. Featherston, Asheville; L. C. Howlett, Greensboro.

At The Bonitz—J. N. Maxwell, W. A. Fogleman, Salisbury; C. A. Fair, Winterville; J. C. Foster, Burlington; F. B. Edwards and W. C. Lyon, Durham; Jno. T. Oliver, Reidsville; J. G. Seschat and Jno. W. Johnson, High Point; H. E. Russell, Salisbury; C. B. Webb, Statesville; Sam F. Vance and B. F. Nissen, Winston; Geo. W. Pugh, Allan Browning, Worthville; Geo. W. Blum, J. W. Snyder and D. E. Wilkinson, Winston; C. V. Valls and A. W. Colson, Mooresville; H. E. Shore, Kernersville; E. W. Linnille, Walkertown; P. J. Cook, Concord; S. L Rhyme, Newton; W. F. Brown, Hickory; H. W. Stanford, W. G. Crawford, G. A. Wilkins and J. A. Nichols, Winston; D. C. Aldridge, W. H. Roach, High Point; L. C. Dry and B. Cranfeldt, Concord; E. C. Featherston, R. S. Stewart, Asheville; O. O. Tesch, Geo. O. Hege, R. J. Tesh, J. A. Burnett and C. E. Burnett, West Salem; G. H. Weddington, China Grove; A. A. Chandley and J. Sanders Fulton, Greensboro.

There are also a number of Juniors being entertained at private boarding houses and as guests of members of the order in Wilmington.

NEW AND NOVEL INDUSTRY.

Extensive Plant to be Established Here for Manufacture of Kindling Wood for European Markets.

A unique and important enterprise soon to be started in Wilmington by the American Wood Specialty Company, of 39 Broadway, New York, is a plant for the manufacture of kindling wood for export to London and other points in England. Mr. J. C. Murphy, vice president, and Mr. Charles D. Brandt, secretary and treasurer, of the company, came here last week and purchased Mr. L. A. Weedon's shuttle block factory on the harbor front in the southern section of the city. On this and on adjoining property purchased from the Darby estate on Surry street an extensive plant will be constructed, costing not less than $50,000. The property has a river frontage of 260 feet and along the water line a new wharf will be put in at which it is proposed to load vessels for direct shipment. It is stated by Vice President Murphy that the plant will utilize all the waste product of a number of the saw mills in Wilmington down to blocks of one inch square and that some 200 or 300 hands will be regularly employed. This material is now burned by the mills to get rid of it. Mr. Murphy states that the demand for kindling in Europe is almost unlimited and that his company expects to load two or three vessels a week. Waste material from the saw mills will not only be used but the company is already buying quantities of wood in the country and having it shipped here in contemplation of an early commencement of operations. The company will utilize not only pine wood but all the juniper, cypress, etc., it can get. The present machinery of the shuttle block factory will be used until the more extensive plant is equipped.

The new company has a patent on the method of preparing the kindling for the European markets. The lightwood is made into blocks four inches square and three-eighths of an inch thick, containing five augur holes five-eighths of an inch in diameter. Each block will light a coal fire and there is said to be nothing to equal it.

This method of preparation of lightwood for export to London has already been in use to a limited extent at one or more inland points, but the industry has reached no such proportions as proposed here.

WILMINGTON MINISTERIAL UNION.

Meeting Yesterday Morning—Great Mass Meeting of Sunday School Workers.

An enthusiastic meeting of the Ministerial Union was held yesterday morning in the Y. M. C. A. building, Rev. Dr. Calvin S. Blackwell presiding. The Union completed its educational work with the reading of an excellent paper by Rev. J. N. Cole, pastor of Grace M. E. church, on the attitude of the church to State education. The subject was also treated in a discussion participated in by Dr. A. G. Voigt, of St. Paul's Lutheran church, Dr. J. M. Wells, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, and others. At the next meeting of the Union there will be a discussion of "Orphanage Work," led by Dr. Wells.

An important feature of the proceedings yesterday was the decision to have an interdenominational mass meeting of Sunday school workers in the First Baptist church on Monday evening, March 17th. The occasion will be the visit to the city of Mr. Marion Lawrence, of Toledo, Ohio, one of the leading Sunday school workers in America to-day. He will be in North Carolina at that time to attend the State Sunday School Association at Fayetteville March 18-20 inclusive, and was induced to promise a visit to Wilmington by Dr. Blackwell. The First Baptist church was chosen as a place of meeting by the Union on account of its central location. Dr. Wells was appointed chairman of a committee to entertain Mr. Lawrence while in the city.

Remains of Mr. St. John Fillyaw.

The remains of the late Mr. St. John Fillyaw, whose death in Jacksonville, Fla., was chronicled in these columns Sunday, reached Wilmington yesterday morning via Wilson, accompanied by Capt. DeLeon Fillyaw, brother of the deceased. The casket was taken immediately to Oakdale cemetery and the funeral was conducted at 10:30 A. M. from the odge by Rev. Dr. Alex. D. McClure, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church. The pall bearers from the station to the cemetery were Messrs. J. Hicks Bunting, N. N. Davis, W. C. VonGlahn and L. Love.

Mr. Gerken's Itinerary.

District Deputy H. J. Gerken, of the Grand Lodge of Elks, left Sunday night for Durham. He is on an official tour to all Elk lodges in the State by deputation of the Grand Exalted Ruler, who found it inconvenient to visit the State this year. Mr. Gerken will complete his itinerary in North Carolina this week and expects to leave later for a trip through South Carolina.

An Approaching Marriage.

Friends in the city have received handsome wedding invitations as follows: "Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Howell request you to be present at the marriage of their daughter, Maggie F., to Mr. C. Edward Render, Wednesday evening, February 26th, 1902, at 9 o'clock, No. 505 Wooster street, Wilmington, N. C."

SETTLED THE TAXES.

Sheriff F. H. Stedman Yesterday Wound Up Business for the Current Fiscal Year.

OVER 98 PER CENT. PAID IN.

Out of a Levy of $86,401 64 On Real and Personal Property, $84,683 57 Was Gathered---Apportionment for County Purposes.

Sheriff Frank H. Stedman yesterday made settlement of the county and State taxes for the current fiscal year with the auditing committee of the Board of County Commissioners and the State Auditor.

The commissioners met at 4 o'clock in the afternoon and carefully went over the statement of collections by Sheriff Stedman and a report of the taxes due the State will be forwarded to Raleigh to-day.

The report to the County Commissioners, which was duly approved, shows that $86,401. 64 was listed for collection on real and personal property and of this amount Sheriff Stedman collected $84,683 57, which is a little over 98 per cent. and which breaks all records of collection in the county.

This amount is, of course, exclusive of Schedule B, tax in which there was also a remarkably clean collection.

The amount collected is apportioned as follows:

School fund	$33 153 58
Sinking fund	4,064.58
Poor fund	975.43
Roads and bridges	4,403 33
Hospital	6,096.90
General fund	26,090.69
Total	$74,786.61

The above of course is the amount collected for county purposes; the remainder goes to the State.

THE WHOLESALE GROCERS.

Interesting Address Yesterday Afternoon by Capt. Lee of Southern Organization—Trip to Mexico.

A well attended meeting of the Wilmington Wholesale Grocers' Association at 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the Seaboard Air Line building was addressed by Capt. James W. Lee, of Birmingham, a member of the Alabama Grocery Company, who came to Wilmington as a special representative of the Southern Wholesale Grocers' Association.

The primary object of Capt. Lee's visit to the city was to confer with the local jobbers as to the benefits derived from membership in the Southern organization, and to explain the purposes which it had in view. This he did in an entertaining and profitable speech, which was listened to with great attention.

He urged the attendance of the local grocerymen at the annual meeting of the Southern Wholesale Grocers' Association at Shreveport, La., April 18th and 19th, and suggested that those who would go could take advantage of a trip to Dallas, Tex., when the annual U. C. V. re-union will be held March 22nd-24th, inclusive. He also said that those who attended could take the further advantage of an excursion trip to the City of Mexico.

Mr. J. A. Taylor, the president, was in the chair.

LEWIS MORRISON IN FAUST.

Favorite Production by Great Actor Will be Seen To-morrow Night.

Lewis Morrison himself, supported by a carefully selected cast, a gorgeous display of new and elaborate scenery, and an entire revision of the exquisite lines of "Faust," made by a famous dramatic author who has written lyrics and prose for the new prologue, will be the attraction at the Opera House to-morrow night. The fact of Lewis Morrison himself appearing as *Mephisto* assures a specially good performance since his fame and fortune have both been acquired by his ability to perform the part of *Satan* in a manner which defies imitation or disparagement. When it comes to the point of acting, the showing of the passions and evil impulses, the pitilessness and fierce hatred for all things that are holy and pure, which are the essentials of *Mephisto's* character, Lewis Morrison stands pre eminently first among the stars of his profession.

Though the scenery is all new and a surfeit of brilliant effects is promised in an electrical way in the garden and other scenes as well as in the new prologue, interest will be centered on the vivid new electrical and pyrotechnical display of the Inferno scene, not alone on account of its realism and scenic beauty, but because it is the most strongly dramatic scene of the play, and affords Lewis Morrison free scope for the display of his vitality. Seat sale begins this morning. No advance in prices.

In Honor of Mrs. W. H. Shaw.

As a mark of appreciation for her faithful service in securing the installation of the new pipe organ at Grace M. E. Church, the Organ Fund Society of that congregation has had placed on the handsome new instrument a heavy silver plate bearing the inscription "Katie C. Shaw, 1902." It is in compliment to Mrs. W. H. Shaw, the zealous president of the society, who worked so faithfully in securing funds for the purchase of the organ. Mrs. Shaw worked in and out of season in the cause, and it is a fitting and merited recognition of her endeavors that the plate inscribed in her honor should be attached to the organ.

— Mr. B. O. Stone left Saturday evening for Richmond, Va. It is said that he went on a business trip but those who know him well are said to know to the contrary.

Our New Interest Quarter

Will begin on Saturday, March 1st. Deposits made on or before that date will receive interest within three months (at our June 1st quarter.) All deposits are subject to check without notice. With Capital and Surplus of $65,000 and total Assets of $800,000 the greatest safety is assured.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company,

108 Princess Street.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.

feb 18 tf

Highly Successful Play.

The appearance at the Opera House last night of Miss Kathryn Kidder in the metropolitan favorite "Molly Pitcher," was every whit a success. There is much in the piece and more in the way it is put on the stage by Miss Kidder and the clever company supporting. The audience was not as large as the production merited, but every one present was carried away with the excellency of the evening's entertainment. Miss Kidder is the same bright, charming actress she was when she visited Wilmington before and leaves this time many newly-made friends.

In the Mayor's Court.

In the Mayor's Court yesterday Bertha Watson was fined $5 for being drunk and disorderly; Lonnie Cooper, colored, was fined $10 for firing a pistol at Fourth and Nixon streets; Geo. Cary, colored, $10 for being drunk and disord rly; Carrie and Morris Brown, $5 each for a domestic disturbance, and Louis Jones, white, $5 for being disorderly in the Opera House Saturday night.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. W. S. Wishart went up to Lumberton yesterday.

— Mr. J. A. Burruss, of Columbia, S. C. is at The Orton.

— Mr. E. L. Bullard and wife, Charleston, S. C. are at The Orton.

— Col. A. H. Slocomb and Capt. W. E Kyle arrived Sunday night

— Miss. Brown, of Baltimore, is the guest of Mrs. J. Walter Williamson.

— Rev. P. C. Morton who has been sick several days was better yesterday.

— Friends of Rev. R. H. Herring will regret to know that he is very ill in Albemarle.

— Miss L. E. Holland, of Philadelphia, is the guest of Mrs Owen S. Willey at The Orton.

— Mr. L. B. Wiggs returned last evening from a few days trip to the Charleston Exposition.

— Mrs. Geo. A. Croft has returned from the Charleston Exposition. Mr. Croft continued his business trip in the South.

— Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Worth left Sunday for Tampa, Fla. Mr. Worth will attend a meeting of ice manufacturers while away.

— Mr. James K. Collier, recently of the art staff of the New York *Journal*, who has been visiting his parents in Wilmington, left Sunday night for Norfolk, where he has a position with the *Virginian-Pilot*.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by H. Tolin's Palace Pharmacy.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Daughters of Rebekah.

Letitia Lodge No. 3 will hold a Festival next Friday night, February 21st, at the residence of Mrs. Dudley, corner Second and Castle streets. Refreshments will be served at regular prices. No charge for admission.
feb 18 1t

CHEST PROTECTORS.

It is easier to put on a Chest Protector than to put off a cold.

We have them for 75c, $1 and $1.50.

HARDIN'S PALACE PHARMACY.

feb 18 tf 126 North Front street.

Opera House

Wednesday, February 19th.

Positive appearance of

LEWIS MORRISON HIMSELF

and his excellent company of players, including Miss ROSABEL MORRISON, in the original famous production of

FAUST,

with its wonderful electric and calcium effects. The Marvelous "Brocken Scene."
feb 18 3t

CLOSE OUTS.

I am not "selling out," but in order to make room for Spring Goods, now coming in, on a few articles I will give you manufacturers' prices, and on all goods I will guarantee to meet any selling out price. Remember, I Renovate Mattresses, Lay Carpets and Matting, Hang Window Shades, Make Awnings, do Paper Hanging and every kind of Upholstering and Repair work.

N. F. PARKER,

Furniture and Furniture Novelties,

Bell 'Phone 213 111 Market street. Inter-State 421.
feb 9 tf

FOR RENT,

Dwellings, Stores, Offices, &c.

an 22 tf D. O'CONNOR.

Want Some Oatmeal?

It's made from Pennsylvania Oats,
It's flavor superfine,
We'd thank you very much indeed,
To try it just one time.

In order to convince you of the superior quality of our Oatmeal it must be tried on your own table. To induce you to make the trial we will sell it this week for

Only 4c per lb.

H. J. Bierman & Co.,

Bell 'Phone 38. 213 Market St.
feb 18 tf

"FOOT PRINT."

50 cents a piece for the Tags.

"Cuban Home,"

Half a cent each for Tags.

"Topical Twist" Cigars

Unsurpassed by any Cigar on the market, quality and price considered, is not equalled in America. Thousands sold on this market for years is a fair guarantee of quality. Sold by every place selling Cigars.

Vollers & Hashagen.

Corn, Oats, Hay, Provisions.
feb 16 tf

Flour.

Jack Frost, Patent.

Also, the following straight Flours:

Lucile, Queen of the Kitchen, Electric Light and Home Comfort.

We also carry a full line of Canned Goods, in connection with our Stock of

Cakes, Candies, Cheese, Sardines, Starch, Salt, Snuff, Tobacco--Smoking and Chewing, Coffee and Mullets.

Which we offer to the trade at living prices.

Williams Bros.
feb 2 tf

DON'T LOOK

In Our Window

Unless you are prepared to be astonished!

For we have prices and quality in our SHOES that will amaze you. Even greater astonishment awaits you inside our

Shoe Store.

Prepare yourselves and try the experiment.

Same Old Place.

Mercer & Evans Co.
feb 9 tf

A Good Fountain Pen

Is a Luxury.

IT PAYS TO GET THE BEST.

We have the four leaders.

Waterman's Ideal,
Laughlin's "New Departure,"
Paul E. Wirt's and Parker's "Lucky Curve."

All the above well known Pens at manufacturers' prices. Try one and if it don't suit you can have your money back.

C. W. YATES & CO.,

Booksellers and Stationers.
feb 16 tf

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 18.

A VOICE FROM THE PACIFIC.

For some time the Philippine tariff bill has engaged the attention of the Senate, and given rise to a discussion which has taken a very wild range, so wild that at times it looked as if some of the disputants might fly into each other's hair. It has elicited a great diversity of views, and illustrated some of the tangling problems that our statesmen have to deal with, and also the contradictory attitude in which some of them find themselves placed. One of the notable speeches on the Republican side was made a few days ago by Senator Mitchell, of Oregon, which is in part thus reported by wire:

"Mr. Mitchell addressed the Senate in support of his amendment to the pending bill to place certain articles entering the United States from the Philippines on the free list, to levy a tariff of 50 per cent. of the Dingley rates upon articles not admitted to the free list, and to eliminate that portion of Section 3 of the bill which provides that the same tonnage tax shall be levied on all vessels coming from American insular possessions as is levied on vessels coming from foreign countries.

"Mr. Mitchell denies that it was either expedient or right to apply to these insular possessions the same rule in these respects as is applied to foreign countries. He maintained that Congress should differentiate in favor of the insular possessions.

"Referring to the proposition to grant trade concessions to Cuba, Mr Mitchell said: 'That we have as a nation given a pledge that a stable government shall be established and maintained in Cuba is conceded. This must be done, and this is being done. But this pledge does not, I submit, impose on us a duty to make trade concessions to the planters and producers of Cuba which will militate materially against the planters, agriculturists and producers of our own country. Such a concession is not an obligation resting upon us, either expressly or by implication. Of course if a reciprocity arrangement can be made with Cuba which will be to the advantage of our people or which will not seriously affect adversely any American interest or American labor, and which may be of benefit to Cuban interests, then by all means let us have it."

"Continuing, Mr. Mitchell said: 'I submit further that if the policy enforced in the last Congress of permitting the products of Porto Rico to come into the United States at 85 per cent. reduction of the rates of duty imposed by the Dingley act, and later on entirely, and this all largely in the interest of the trade and commerce of people of the Atlantic States, as well as of the people of Porto Rico, then upon what principle of right, or justice, or equity must the people of the Pacific Coast States pay the same rates on Philippine products coming into this country that are imposed by the Dingley act? Why impose one rule on our insular possessions in the Atlantic ocean and another on our possessions in the Pacific ocean? What occult force, if any, is operating on the Congress of the United States—and this, too, without Congress seemingly being conscious of the fact which seems to compel the nation's parliament to arrive at such absolutely contradictory conclusions.'

"We should give to the Filipinos," he urged, "concessions in trade which will instill into their minds encouragement, confidence and hope; which will cause them to realize the wide difference between the iron and hurtful rule of the Spaniard and the beneficent and helpful rule of the Americans."

Further along he said: "Let Congress strike out boldly against the manufacturing industries which have ripened into gigantic trusts and which have brought and are bringing to their promoters princely individual wealth. But let Congress hesitate to strike down in its infancy an agricultural industry like that of the sugar beet. The Sugar Trust, the Steel Trust and certain other formidable combinations that might be mentioned are able to stand alone. The beet sugar industry is not. The former do not need protection, the latter does."

"Referring to the argument that the United States was bound to accord to all nations the right to deal with the Filipinos on the same basis as that enjoyed by Americans, Mr. Mitchell said:

"An open door in the Orient is all well enough, but if the price of it is to be the surrender of a principle of the right to exercise the very highest prerogatives attaching to us as an independent sovereign power, then that door had better be forever closed."

A very pertinent question that, why one policy should be pursued towards Porto Rico and another towards the Philippines, and why one policy should be pursued towards the Atlantic States and another towards the Pacific States, why the trade of the Atlantic States with Porto Rico should be fostered and the trade between the Philippines and the Pacific States handicapped. These are pertinent questions, and would not be correctly answered and at the same time honestly answered.

Southern Senators and Representatives have from time to time propounded the inquiry why in the tariff enactments discrimination was made against the South in favor of the North, but they never got an answer. When the Pacific States, however, protest against that kind of discrimination possibly the protest may be more effective, because they are Republican States, but not so rock-bottomed Republican that it might be considered safe to ignore their protests.

In the interests of the constituents of Mr. Mitchell, it may be remarked that he would like to select the Philippine products which may be admitted to our ports free of duty, and those that must pay duty. He does not propose to have Philippine-grown sugar, for instance, get in the way of Pacific coast beet sugar, which he insists must still have protection, the logic of which is that Senator Mitchell is a free trader when free trade does not conflict with the interests of the people of his section, whatever the protected interests of other sections may think about it.

And when you come to simmer it all down it means that we are to hold the Philippines for what we can get out of them. They are our orange and we are to do the sucking, or more precisely speaking the Pacific coast people, for whom the Oregon Senator speaks, are to do the most of the sucking.

Therefore Mr. Mitchell doesn't believe in the "open door" in the Philippines. But when does he propose to close the door? It is more open now to other nations than it is to us, for they are getting more of the trade of the Philippines than we are, and when we come to discriminate against other nations, or to close the door the other nations interested may enter protests which will make the Philippine problem even a more tangled one than it is now.

The late President McKinley placated the European nations which had trade with the Philippines by holding out the idea of the open door and that the change of sovereignty would not militate against their trade relations. They had certain trading privileges with them under which they carried on their trade, and we tacitly, if not verbally, pledged ourselves to be as considerate of those privileges as Spain was.

In speaking of the Sulus, and the recognition of polygamy and slavery in those islands, the defence was that those institutions were recognized by treaty with Spain, that we simply took Spain's place, and therefore assumed her obligations, which compelled us to recognize polygamy and slavery as Spain had done, and so other nations will expect us to show the same favor to their traders that Spain did and some of them may insist upon it.

Senator Mitchell's remarks on the Trusts show that the Republicans of the West are doing some thinking on that line, and some talking, also. Between these island acquisitions and protection they are getting themselves and this country into a nice mess.

TO MAKE MORE DEMANDS.

A report comes from Washington that it is the intention of the administration to make more demands upon Cuba when President Palma enters upon his office. Several strategic points will be demanded, and a claim put in for the Isle of Pines, on the ground that it was not mentioned in the treaty with Spain as a part of Cuba and therefore comes within the jurisdiction of this country as captured territory. Aside from the fact that it contains some fine marble deposits we do not know what special value there is in the Isle of Pines, unless it may be valuable from a strategic view, but it seems to us that if this is what it is wanted for the Cubans would be willing to grant what is asked for in this respect and therefore there is no need of the United States laying claim to the island and insisting upon taking possession of it.

It so happens that it is outside of the three-mile limit which gives a pretext for the contention that it is not a part of Cuba, but it had always been regarded as a part of Cuba, and this view of the American grabbers is a mere after-thought and a subterfuge?

There are other islands lying around Cuba, some of which are owned by individuals who are offering to sell them to the United States, some of these individuals intimating that if the United States doesn't buy they will offer to sell to some country. Of course no other country would buy these patches and run the risk of a racket with the United States. That wouldn't pay.

With the Platt amendment accepted by Cuba this Government has asked about all of those people that decency should permit. But that hasn't much influence on our grabbers.

THE THREE R'S.

Commenting upon the suggestion made by Booker T. Washington, that the servant problem may be solved by the establishment of domestic service schools, New York *Tribune* says:

"If the domestic service schools recommended by the head of Tuskegee are founded, we are of opinion that the less they teach of anything beyond the three R's, outside of culinary and other household accomplishments, the better servants they will turn out. But the best school of domestic science North or South is that conducted by generations of competent mistresses of the home, and while we are improving the rew material of service it is well to give equal attention to the captains of domestic industry (to transfer a figure from one department of economics to another). With the growth of the genius of home making among American women will come, we trust, the amelioration if not the solution, of the servant question."

As the old generation of servants passes away good servants are a rarity and that question is becoming, in fact has already become, a perplexing one. The good servant is the exception, the poor and almost worthless one the rule. This is so much the case that many housekeepers prefer to do their own work rather than be subjected to the annoyance of servants who are ignorant and unreliable and insolent in proportion.

What effect domestic service schools might have in improving the conditions is a matter of speculation, but the probabilities are that the class of negroes who would attend these schools would be the class that would least need them, while they would have a tendency to make the average attendant more "stuck up" than they now are.

But we make this quotation from the New York *Tribune* because it is a representative Republican paper and seems to have caught on to the three R's, which it thinks sufficient for the "domestic" and of course for other negroes who have to earn their living in the service of others. The more "education" the average negro gets the more worthless he becomes, for it makes him too "tony" to do the work for which he is best fitted and most of them expect to live on their wits and beat other negroes out of a living, a fact which is dwelled upon with emphasis by Booker T. Washington in his addresses to the negroes.

A farmer in Kansas recently fell from a load of corn on his farm and broke his neck. His name was sometimes associated with that of Abraham Lincoln. Lincoln once convicted him of perjury. In a murder trial he swore he saw the man accused of the murder strike the blow because it was a bright, moonlight night. Lincoln was defending the accused, and producing an almanac showed that there was no moon that night. The almanac settled it, and saved his man.

An English paper tells of the burial of a woman in Lancaster, who left ten children, more than a hundred grand-children and fifty great-grand-children. Another caps that with a story of a Welch farmer, who died at the age of 105 years, had been married three times, became the father of forty-four children, and whose funeral was attended by 800 of his descendants.

A Boston man wants $50,000 from a patent medicine man for printing his pictures "before" and "after" taking that medicine. The "after" picture is all right, but the "before" is all wrong, because he never was sick at all, never took any of that medicine, and never bore the slightest resemblance to that woebegone "before taking" fellow.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— "Uncle Tom's Cabin" played to empty benches in a Tennessee theatre, at both the afternoon and night performance last week. That is the proper way to kill the objectionable play in the South. Keep away from the playhouse and let the players exhibit before empty seats. *—Newport News Times-Herald, Dem.*

—— Having found out that Wei-Hai-Wei is a useless drain on her treasury Great Britain is said to be considering the abandonment of this piece of looted Chinese territory. It would be a good thing for the United States to glance at the Philippine Archipelago from the same reasonable point of view. *—Norfolk Landmark, Dem.*

—— Slow progress is made with the Congressional measure to punish those who compass or instigate the murder of the President or his possible successor, or that of foreign potentates or their representatives; but "slow is sure" in this matter, and Anarchists may make up their minds that in this country, like any other dog, they have had their day. *—Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.*

—— A first fruit of the Anglo-Japanese alliance may be discovered in the refusal of Prince Ching to further discuss the Russo-Chinese bank project, which was intended to put the mines and the entire railway system of Manchuria, present and future, under Russin fiscal management. The stiffening which the treaty of alliance has put into the backbone of the Chinese Government may cause numerous schemes of exploitation cherished in various foreign legations at Pekin to die stillborn. *—Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

A Deep Mystery.

It is a mystery why women endure Backache, Headache, Nervousness Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells, when thousands have proved that Electric Bitters will quickly cure such troubles. "I suffered for years with Kidney trouble," writes Mrs. Phebe Cherley, of Peterson, Ia., "and a lame back pained me so I could not dress myself, but Electric Bitters wholly cured me, and, although 73 years old, I now am able to do all my housework." It overcomes Constipation, improves Appetite and gives Perfect Health. Only 50 cents, at R. R. BELLAMY's drug store. †

TEN CENTS WILL BUY a trial size of Ely's Cream Balm, enough to convince you that it is the greatest of remedies for nasal catarrh or cold in the head. Full size 50 cents. All druggists. We mail it.

ELY BROS.,
56 Warren street, New York.
153 Second street, Albany, N. Y.

Messrs. Ely Bros.—I suffered greatly with catarrh and tried different remedies without effect. After using one bottle of your Cream Balm I found relief, and I cannot praise too highly such a remedy.

MISS CORA WILLARD.

September 27, 1899. †

For Over Sixty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Winston *Journal*: Martin Ring, a well known and highly respected resident of Siloam, passed away Thursday evening after an illness of several weeks. He had lived to see 104 summers.

— Salisbury *Truth-Index*: Ten thousand cords of wood is a large amount of fuel, but that is the amount Capt. Murdoch Wiley has contracted for. The wood is for use at the Union Copper mine, and is to be delivered within a year.

— High Point *Enterprise*: At the National Bank of High Point this morning is a gold brick that weighs 229 ounces and is valued at $3,600. It is just from the Mint at Charlotte, assayed for Mr. Milt Jones. It was the result of a six weeks run at the Iola Gold Mine, near Star. This is a very promising mine.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: Peas—common "field peas"—are selling at $1.10 per bushel on this market, and sweet potatoes and peanuts at 80 cents per bushel. These, too, are products that grow on sandy land; so that, really, there is no excuse for the farmers of this section not being able to make money at farming. Peas, peanuts and potatoes would make Wayne county farmers wealthy if they would grow these crops and nothing else. And yet—well—what's the use of so liloquizing?

— Lexington *Dispatch*: While hunting in Randolph county last week Mr. A. W. Pickett, of Lexington, killed a spotted quail. —— There is a mammoth poplar tree standing in the woods on Mr. Hiram R Berrier's place, about 4 miles from Lexington. Chief of Police Heitman went out to look at the tree last Sunday and he tells us it measures 33 feet in circumference and that it has a number of limbs upon it that measure 2 feet in diameter. Mr. Heitman says he believes it is the largest tree in the State. —— Mr. John Q Finch is the possessor of a Spanish coin bearing the date 1762. Mr. Finch's great great grandfather Weatherly secured this piece of money, together with several other pieces, from some soldiers of the Revolutionary war at the battle of Guilford Court House. The coin is 140 years old and the owner prizes it very highly. It is of silver and is about the size of an American 50 cent piece.

— Greensboro *Telegram*: A rather sensational arrest was made here this (Saturday) morning when E L. Wood, a town officer of Star, Montgomery county, arrested J. W. Smith, of Troy, on a warrant charging the larceny of $210 from Geo. Simmons, a merchant of Star. Officer Wood got here last night and soon located his man, who had registered at Clegg's Hotel. He learned that Smith was intoxicated and he therefore thought he could safely wait until this morning to make the arrest. The statement on the strength of which the arrest was made was that the accused and Simmons were riding between Troy and Star and that Smith took the money from Simmons' pocket. Smith's side of it was that he obtained the money in a trade of some sort. The prisoner when carried off this morning had a swollen face and a black eye, which was the result of slipping down on a pavement here. A friend of his says he is one of the ablest lawyers in Montgomery county. The officer stated that he found no money at all Smith's person.

TWINKLINGS.

— If charity were not expected to cover a multitude of sins there wou'd be very little of it. *—Chicago Record-Herald.*

— "Do you ever have any quarrels in your woman's club?" "On, no; we call them 'debates.'" *—Philadelphia Bulletin.*

— Photographer—Now I want you to look as if you were not having your picture taken. Customer—Then you'd better give me back the deposit I made in advance. *—Life.*

— "A little quarrel now and then helps a love affair." "Yes, the lover leaves off buying roses, and gets a chance to catch up with the tailor's bill." *—Tit Bits.*

— Ahead of the Game: Miss Graspit—Oh, mamma, what do you think? Cara Upperten has eloped. Mrs. Graspit—How fortunate! Now we won't have to send her a wedding present. *—Chicago Daily News.*

— For a Rainy Day: He—I don't see why a woman shouldn't lay something by for a rainy day as well as a man. She—Why, they do. I have a lovely rainy-day skirt. *—Brooklyn Life.*

— Gratitude—Mrs. Tunner—My dear professor, I cannot thank you enough for this absorbing course of lectures. While hearing you speak, I have actually been able to entirely forget my sick baby. *—Brooklyn Life*

— Cravings.—"Goldslathers is going to put up a cottage for his wife in Southern California." "What for?" "Well, she wants another place that she will get tired of living in." *—Puck*

— "You're always intimating that woman has too much idle curiosity," she complained. "Idle curiosity!" he repeated. "Idle! Nonsense! It's the most active thing about her." *—Chicago Post.*

— "The stage isn't elevated yet," he said, gloomily. "There's something lacking." "Why, I've seen real rivers, real rain, real snow, real rocks, real horses and real trees, but they've quit carrying real actors." *—Baltimore News.*

— Mrs. Dash—Your clergyman complains that he is too hard-worked. Mrs. Crash—Hard-worked? He doesn't know what hard work is! Humph—you ought to see our progressive euchre club getting his salary together! *—Puck.*

— "Josiah," asked Mrs. Chugwater, "what is a bucket shop?" "It's a place, I suppose," replied Mr. Chugwater, looking impatiently up from his newspaper, "where they empty the water out of stocks." *—Chicago Tribune.*

— The Limit Johnny—"Dat wuz tough luck on poor Chimmy. He bruk troo de ice where de water wuz forty feet deep, and——" Patsy—"Drowned?" Johnny—"Worser dan dat! He lost one o' his skates and got licked when he got home!" *—Puck.*

— "I offer you my love," said the young man with bitterness, "and you offer me your friendship and good wishes! No, Pulsatilla, there can be no such reciprocity between us two!" "So, then," said the young woman coldly, "it's annexation or nothing, is it?" *—Chicago Tribune.*

Old Soldier's Experience.

M. M. Austin, a civil war veteran, of Winchester, Ind., writes: "My wife was sick a long time in spite of good doctor's treatment, but was wholly cured by Dr. King's New Life Pills, which worked wonders for her health." They always do. Try them. Only 25c, at R. R. BELLAMY's drug store. †

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

GREATEST FIRE CHIEF IN THE WORLD.

Benefit He Received from Paine's Celery Compound.

With Perfect Nerves and Good Blood He Has Won the Highest Position in His Calling.

On December 14, last, the proprietors of Paine's Celery Compound found the following letter among their mail:

They had no correspondence on the subject; they did not know Mr. Musham, except by reputation. Like every testimonial of this great medicine that was ever printed, it came to them unsolicited and unsought. The proprietors of Paine's Celery Compound have never found it necessary to manufacture or edit any testimonial. They have never found it necessary by any trick of advertising to promote mythical men in far off places to positions in legislatures or offices that never heard of them. It is the one of all remedies the popularity of which has increased on account of what it does, instead of what it says.

It appears that Fire Chief Musham, the head of the Chicago Fire Department, which is the model of the world, has been for forty years in the service; as brave as a lion, industrious, coolheaded, with a record for fighting fires, and quite as distinguished for nerve and generalship as other heroes upon whom nations have bestowed public honors for service in no less hazardous undertakings. Chief Musham, in the spring of 1901, obtained the highest recognition that it is possible for a man in his business to have—promotion for merit to the head of the finest fire-fighting brigade on earth. He began at the bottom.

Read what he says of the medicine that has also enabled thousands of other men and women to achieve what by intelligence and ambition they were cut out to do.

And bear in mind that what Paine's Celery Compound has done in the case of Marshal Musham, and for thousands of others who have voluntarily expressed their gratitude in similar words, it will do with unvarying certainty in the case of every person whose nervous system, from whatever cause, begins to show the effects of disease, and whose symptoms manifest themselves in the various distressing ways that are so familiar to every reader.

"Gentlemen:—

Your remedy, Paine's Celery Compound, is all that you claim for it, and is certainly a boon to humanity. I have tried it, and have secured great benefits from it when suffering from indigestion or its companion, nervousness. I am told that many of the boys in the department are using Paine's Celery Compound with very satisfactory results. I can heartily recommend Paine's Celery Compound for those who suffer from lack of energy, nervousness, indigestion and similar ailments. Yours truly,

"W. H. MUSHAM,
"Fire Marshal."

Chicago, Ill., Dec. 11, 1901.

Oscar Hammerstein.

Oscar Hammerstein's musical talents have aided him greatly in the building of his various fortunes. This same talent, however, according to a story which Mr. Hammerstein often tells, was responsible for his leaving the parental roof in Germany and embarking for America at the early age of fifteen. His father, Mr. Hammerstein says, was one of those men who believed that youth was equal to many tasks, and young Oscar was kept away from boyhood enjoyments learning to play the piano, the cornet, the trombone and the flute, all at the same time, the latter being his father's favorite instrument and on which he was an expert. It was after a lesson on the flute that his father told Oscar to adjourn to a dark room and repeat the instructions he had just given him. Oscar started to play, but after blowing a few notes his father rushed into the room, impatient at his son's mistakes, grabbed the flute from his hands and with it administered to Oscar a thrashing. That night when all was still in the house young Oscar arose and quietly dressed. Two months later he was stripping tobacco leaf.

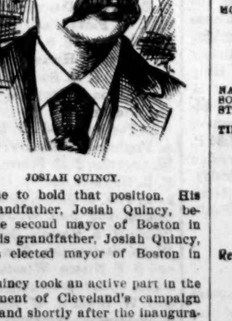
Enviable Lot of Her Servants.

Gowned in exquisite taste, almost regal in her bearing, Mrs. Clarence Mackay passed out of the United States hotel at Saratoga on her way to the races. One summer girl there sighed, "I would almost rather be one of Mrs. Mackay's maids than some of the rhododendrons of the piazza," she said as she glanced at the wallflowers. "Just think of it! The Mackays have three cottages here on the hotel grounds, and one of them is set apart for my lady's servants! Fancy having such a luxury just for one's servants! And even some of the most assuming patrons of the house have to be satisfied with hall bedrooms on the top story."

For Governor.

Josiah Quincy has been nominated by the Democrats of Massachusetts for governor. The opposing candidate in the recent convention was Gamaliel Bradford, but Mr. Quincy was chosen by an overwhelming majority.

For some years Mr. Quincy has been a prominent figure in the political arena of his state. In 1895 he was elected mayor of Boston and was the third of



JOSIAH QUINCY.

his name to hold that position. His great-grandfather, Josiah Quincy, became the second mayor of Boston in 1823. His grandfather, Josiah Quincy, Jr., was elected mayor of Boston in 1846.

Mr. Quincy took an active part in the management of Cleveland's campaign in 1892, and shortly after the inauguration of the president in 1893 he was appointed assistant secretary of state under Mr. Gresham, but in about six months resigned and returned to Massachusetts to take charge of the state campaign of his party.

But His Pictures Sell.

Sidney Cooper, the veteran English painter, now in his ninety-eighth year, recently traveled from Canterbury to Windsor to receive a decoration from King Edward. Although Cooper's pictures are ridiculed by some critics, four of them were shown at the Royal academy this year, and three of them were sold for $3,875.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted

BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute		@	6¼
Standard		@	7½
Burlaps	5	@	6½
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ lb	12½	@	14
Sides ℔ lb	9	@	10
Shoulders ℔ lb	9	@	9½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ lb	9½	@	9½
Shoulders ℔ lb	9	@	9½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 35	@	1 35
Second-hand machine	1 35	@	1 35
New New York, each		@	1 35
New City, each		@	1 35
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ lb	15	@	18
Northern	22	@	28
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	78½	@	81
Virginia Meal	8½	@	81
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	1 25	@	1 30
CANDLES—℔ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
COFFEE—℔ lb—			
Laguyra	11	@	12½
Rio	8	@	11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 lbs		@	0
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl.	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 50	@	3 75
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	6 00	@	7 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	6	@	10
" Extra	4 00	@	5 00
FLOUR—℔ lb—			
Low grade	3 25	@	3 70
Choice	3 75	@	4 00
Straight	3 85	@	3 75
First Patent	5 00	@	5 25
GLUE—℔ lb	8	@	10
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	86	@	88
Mixed Corn	81	@	86
Oats, from store (mixed)	60	@	62½
Oats, Rust Proof	75	@	85
Cow Peas	90	@	1 00
HIDES—℔ lb—			
Green salted	4	@	5
Dry flint	10	@	11
Dry salt	9	@	10
HAY ℔ 100 lbs			
No 1 Timothy	1 00	@	1 05
Rice Straw		@	60
N. C. Crop	75	@	80
HOOP IRON, ℔ lb	2½	@	3
CHEESE—℔ lb—			
Northern Factory	12½	@	14
Dairy Cream	12	@	13½
Half cream	10	@	12½
LARD, ℔ lb—			
Northern	8½	@	12½
North Carolina	10	@	12½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 10	@	1 25
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	18 50
Rump		@	18 50
Prime		@	18 00
ROPE, ℔ lb	11	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 25
Liverpool		@	90
American		@	90
On 125 ℔ Sacks	50	@	60
SUGAR, ℔ lb—Standard Gran'd	4 90	@	5 40
Standard A	4½	@	5
White Extra C	4½	@	4½
Extra C, Golden	4½	@	4½
C Yellow	4	@	4½
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	32
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	20	@	31
Porto Rico, in barrels	29	@	33
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	17	@	27
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 40	@	2 50
SOAP, ℔ lb—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	8 00	@	9 00
Common mill	4 00	@	5 00
Fair mill	5 00	@	6 50
Prime mill	6 50	@	7 50
Extra mill	8 00	@	8 50

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—452 bales cotton.

W. C. & A. Railroad—159 bales cotton, 32 barrels rosin, 65 barrels tar.

C. C. Railroad—10 barrels tar, 4 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—33 bales cotton.

W. & N. Railroad—139 bales cotton, 10 barrels rosin, 7 barrels tar.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—9 casks spirits turpentine, 271 barrels tar.

Steamer Highlander—1 bale cotton, 3 casks spirits turpentine, 336 barrels rosin, 210 barrels tar.

Steamer Croesus—5 bales cotton, 14 casks spirits turpentine.

Schooner (no name)—10 casks spirits turpentine, 25 barrels rosin, 40 barrels crude turpentine.

Flat—14 casks spirits turpentine.

Timber Raft—12 barrels tar.

Underwood's Raft—151 barrels rosin.

Total—789 bales cotton, 50 casks spirits turpentine, 554 barrels rosin, 575 barrels tar, 44 barrels crude turpentine.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Produce Exchange.]

STAR OFFICE, February 17.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market steady at $1.12½ per barrel for strained and $1.17½ per barrel for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.20 per barrel of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm at $1.35 per barrel for hard, $2.50 for dip, and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine nothing doing; rosin nothing doing; tar firm at $1.15; crude turpentine quiet at $1.30 @2.30.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	50
Rosin	554
Tar	575
Crude turpentine	44

Receipts same day last year—54 casks spirits turpentine, 254 barrels rosin, 301 barrels tar, 17 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 8¼c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5⅜	cts. ℔ lb
Good ordinary	7⅛	" "
Low middling	7⅞	" "
Middling	8¼	" "
Good middling	8 9-16	" "

Same day last year, market firm at 9¼c for middling.

Receipts—789 bales; same day last year, 524.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm. Prime, 70c; extra prime, 75c; fancy, 80c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds Virginia—Prime, 60c; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c. Spanish, 70@75c.

CORN—Firm; 85@87½c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 14@15c per pound; shoulders, 12½@13c; sides, 12½@13c.

EGGS—Firm at 20c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Dull. Grown, 20@25c; springs, 10@18c.

TURKEYS—Dressed, firm at 12@14c; live, 9@10c.

BEESWAX—Firm at 26c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6½c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 60@65c per bushel.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Money on call was quoted steady at 2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange was firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487¼@487⅜ for demand and 484½@484¾ for sixty days. Posted rates 485½ and 488. Commercial bills 484¼@485½. Bar silver 55. Mexican dollars 43¾. Government bonds steady. State bonds were inactive. Railroad bonds were steady. U. S. refunding 2's, registered, 108¾; U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 108¾; U. S. 3's, registered, 108¼; do. coupon, 108¼; U. S. 4's, new registered, 139½; do. coupon 139½; U. S. 4's, old registered, 112; do. coupon, 112; U. S. 5's registered, 106; do. coupon, 106; Southern Railway, 5's, 120½. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 105; Chesapeake & Ohio 46½; Manhattan L 134¼; New York Central 164¼; Reading 58¼; do. 1st preferred 83⅝; do. 2nd preferred 68⅜; St. Paul 166¼; do. pref'd, 190; Southern R'way 33⅜; do. pref'd 96½; Amalgamated Copper 71¼; Am'n Tobacco —; People's Gas 100¼; Sugar 131½; Tennessee Coal and Iron 67; U. S. Leather 11¼; do. pref'd, 81½; Western Union 91; U. S. Steel 44½; do. preferred 94½; Mexican National 16⅝; American Locomotive 31⅜; do. preferred 92¼; Standard Oil 600@655; Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co., 61½; do. preferred, 121¼.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 17.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 25¾@26; do. preferred, 47⅞ asked; do 4s 84¼@84⅜.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Rosin steady; Spirits turpentine steady.

CHARLESTON, Feb. 17.—Spirits turpentine unchanged. Rosin unchanged.

SAVANNAH, Feb. 17.—Spirits turpentine firm at 42c; receipts 76 casks; sales 105 casks; exports 197 casks Rosin firm; receipts 2,516 barrels; sales 583 barrels; exports 2,848 barrels Quote: A, B, C, D, $1 27½; E, $1 32½; F, $1 37½; G, $1 45; H, $1 50; I, $1 75; K, $2 35; M, $2 75; N, $3 25; W G, $3 60; W W, $3 85.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—The cotton market opened firm with prices up one to eleven points on a bad scare of room shorts, due as much to fear of a round up of smaller bears in the absence of many prominent operators who were detained by the heavy snow storm as to legitimate bullish news from outside points. June and July jumped up eleven points on the first wave of buying, but immediately fell back some eight to ten points under heavy offers from room longs. Very little cotton was sold at the top figures, the rise being of a touch-and-go order at best and of no special significance. The March option followed a matter of fact course all through the session and finally closed at the lowest figure of the day. The Liverpool cables were fully one and a half points higher than expected at the time of the New York opening, private wires from Southern spot markets described a strong undertone pretty much over the entire belt, with prices in many instances up one-sixteenth of a cent. Fall River cloth market news was the most cheering received thus far this season. Port receipts were rather heavier than expected and the estimates for to morrow's movement rather exceeded general ideas. As the session wore along it became apparent that smaller holders were rather anxious to secure profits, while some of the more confident bulls were inclined to favor a reaction on the idea. One house sold at least 15,000 bales May around the opening and throughout the session commission houses were peddling out long cotton. Demand came chiefly from abroad and the South. At the close the market was barely steady with prices one point higher to four points lower.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Cotton quiet at 8 13-16c; net receipts 446 bales; gross receipts 4,331 bales; stock 119,482 bales.

Spot cotton market closed quiet; middling uplands 8 13-16c; middling gulf 9 1-16c; sales — bales.

Cotton futures closed barely steady: February 8.59, March 8.63, April 8.63, May 8.57, June 8.54, July 8.53, August 8.29, September 7.97, October 7.85.

Total to-day—Net receipts 26,633 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,620 bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent 13,505 bales; stock 794,172 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 44,378 bales; exports to Great Britain 5,639 bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent 27,084 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 6,183,498 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,380,475 bales; exports to France 587,073 bales; exports to the Continent 1,705,486 bales.

Feb. 17.—Galveston, firm at 8 5-16c, net receipts 6,067 bales; Norfolk, firm at 8⅝c, net receipts 2,191 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 8⅞c, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 8 13-16c, net receipts 399 bales; Wilmington, firm at 8¼, net receipts 489 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 9 1-16c, net receipts — bales; Savannah, steady at 8 5-16 net receipts 2,105 bales; New Orleans, firm at 8 3-16c, net receipts 7,738 bales; Mobile, quiet at 8⅛c, net receipts 504 bales; Memphis, firm at 8⅛c, net receipts 504 bales; Augusta, steady at 8 9-16c, net receipts 1,167 bales; Charleston, firm at 8¼c, net receipts 1,467 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—Flour market was very dull. Rye flour steady. Wheat—Spot easier; No. 2 red 88⅛c. It was a slow day in the wheat market. Stronger at first because of small world's shipments, better cables, foreign buying, and covering, the market finally weakened because of a break in the Southwest and absence of demand, closing ⅜c net lower. Sales included: March closed 84⅛c; May closed 84c; July closed 83⅞c. Corn—Spot easier; No. 2, 67⅞c. Options—Early in the day corn advanced sharply on covering, sympathy with wheat and a strong oats market, but eventually turned very weak under general unloading and closed heavy at ⅝c net decline. May closed 66⅞c; July closed 66⅜c. Oats—Spot steady; No. 2, 48⅛c. Options—Strong at first on a scare of May shorts West, but later broke through realizing. Pork steady. Lard quiet; Western steam $9 70; refined lard steady; continent $9 80; South American $10 65; compound 7⅞@8c. Cheese firm; State full cream, small early made fancy colored 11⅞@12c; white 11⅞@12c; large early made colored 10⅞@11c; white 10⅞@11c. Butter steady; creamery 22@30c; State dairy 20@28c. Eggs were firm; State and Pennsylvania 34c; Southern mark 23½c. Potatoes were steady; New York, fair to prime, sack, $2 00@2 25; Jersey sweets, barrel, $3 50@4 00. Cabbage firm; State, barrel crate $1 1 1 25. Peanuts quiet; fancy hand-picked 4¼@4½c; other domestic 2¾@4c. Freights to Liverpool—Cotton by steam 12½c. Coffee—Spot Rio dull; No. 7 invoice 5⅝c; mild dull; Cordova 8@12c. Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining 3⅛c; centrifugal 96 test, 3⅝c; refined firm; standard A $4 60; confectioners' $4 60; mould A $4 15; cut-loaf $5 30; crushed $5 30; powdered $4 90; granulated $4 80; cubes $5 05. Cotton seed oil dull; Prime crude, f. o. b. mills 33@34c; prime summer yellow 41@41½c; off summer yellow 40½@41c; prime white 43½@44½c; prime winter yellow 44@45c; prime meal $28 00, nominal.

CHICAGO, Feb. 17.—Grains on the Board of Trade to day experienced a quick change in prices. All options had good early advances, but soon turned soft. May wheat closed ⅜@½c lower, May corn ⅜@½c down and May oats ⅛@¼c higher. Provisions closed 5@7½c to 10c higher.

CHICAGO, Feb. 17.—Cash prices: Flour steady. Wheat—No. 3 spring 74¾@75½c; No. 2 red 85⅛c. Corn—No. 2 —c; No. 2 yellow—c. Oats—No. 2 44@44½c; No. 2 white 46¼@46½c; No. 3 white 45@46½c. Mess pork, per barrel, $15 65@15 70. Lard, per 100 lbs., $9 30@9 32½. Short rib sides, loose, $8 30@8 45. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $7 00@7 25. Short clear sides, boxed, $8 75@8 85. Whiskey—Basis of high wines, $1 31.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No 2 February 75¾; May 78⅜@78¼, 79, 78¼@87¼, 78⅞c; July 79@79⅛, 79¼, 78⅜, 78⅜@78⅝c. Corn—No. 2 May 62¾@62⅞, 62⅞, 61⅞, 61⅞c; July 62¼@62⅜, 62⅝, 61⅞@61⅞, 61⅞c; September 61¼, 61⅞, 60⅞, 60⅞. Oats—May 43⅞@43⅞, 44⅛, 43⅜, 43⅞@44c; July 37⅛, 37⅜, 36⅝, 36⅞c; September 32, 32⅛, 31¾, 31⅞c. Mess pork, per bbl—May $15 87½, 15 95, 15 87½, 15 87½; July $15 95, 16 02½, 15 95 15 95. Lard, per 100 lbs—May $9 47½, 9 50, 9 45, 9 47½; July $9 60, 9 60, 9 55, 9 57½. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—May $8 50, 8 52½, 8 47½, 850; July $8 6, 8 62½, 8 57½, 8 57½; September $8 70, 8 70, 8 67½, 8 67½.

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 17.—Cotton: Spot, moderate business, prices 1-32d higher; American middling fair 5 3-32d; good middling 4 13-16d; middling 4 11-16d; low middling 4 19-32d; good ordinary 4 15-32d; ordinary 4 7-16d. The sales of the day were 8,000 bales, of which 500 bales were for speculation and export and included 7,400 bales American. Receipts 14,500 bales, all American.

Futures opened quiet but steady and closed steady; American middling (g. o. c.) February 4 41-64d seller; February and March 4 39-64@4 40-64d buyer; March and April 4 39-64@4 40-64d seller; April and May 4 39-64@4 40-64d buyer; May and June 4 39-64@4 40-64d buyer; June and July 4 39-64@4 40-64d buyer; July and August 4 39-64@4 40-64d buyer; August and September 4 31-64d buyer; September and October 4 24-64d seller; October and November 4 20-64d seller.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

Steamer Highlander, Bradshaw, Fayetteville, T D Love.

Schr C C Lane, 306 tons, Kelly, New York, George Harriss, Son & Co.

CLEARED.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

Steamer Highlander, Bradshaw, Fayetteville, T D Love.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., February 18

STEAMSHIPS.

Chatburn, (Br) 1,235 tons, Wood, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Murcia, (Br) 1,694 tons, Orchard, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

SCHOONERS.

C C Lane, 306 tons, Kelly, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Ralph M Hayward, 511 tons, Philpot, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Mary L Crosby, —— tons, Trimm, (in distress).

W R Huntley, (Br) 167 tons, Howard, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Jno R Fell, 321 tons, Loveland, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Cora M, 152 tons, Mitchell, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Emily F Northam, 316 tons, Pennewill, George Harriss, Son & Co.

D J Sawyer, 288 tons, Kelly, George Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Alliance, (Nor) 410 tons, Isaksen, Heide & Co.

You Know What You Are Taking

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic, because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing that it is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. Price, 50c. sa tu th

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

PUZZLE PICTURE.

FIND THE BOY WHO STRUCK JOHNNY.

Rehder's Rehder's

Special Offerings in our Dry Goods and Millinery Departments.

Dry Goods Department.

The rush we have had in this department the past two weeks has left us with lots of Remnants, which will be sold at one-half real value.

500 yards 36c-quality Lonsdale Cloth, which we have just received in 1 to 10 yard pieces, our price, while they last, is 12½c; 10,000 yards 2-yard Gingham, in 1 to 10 yard pieces, prettiest patterns made, just the thing for spring Waists; we will move them for 10c; one solid case Crinon Cloth to be fired out this week for 8½c per yard.

Millinery Department.

Our Milliner, Miss Gardiner, is now in the Northern markets selecting our Spring Stock. Lots of our Winter stock must be sold to make room for our Summer arrivals. All our Winter shapes and walking Hats have been put in four lots. In lot No. 1 are Hats usually sold at 25c, 25c and 50c; your choice for 10c. Lot No. 2 contains Hats sold at 49c, 75c and 98c; any Hat in this lot for 25c. Many Hats that we have sold this season at 98c, $1.25 and $1.49, are thrown in our No. 3 for 49c. Lot No. 4 contains walking Hats and shapes worth from $1.50 to $2.00; we will move them at 98c.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

615, 617 and 619 North Fourth Street.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2 and upward.

The balance of the Johnson Stock will continue to move at low prices.

feb 19 tf

A Chance For You

TO BUY (THIS WEEK)

Children's School Shoes Cheap.

—VISIT—

LEVI McMILLAN & CO.,

Fourth and Campbell Streets,

Or call 605 on Bell 'Phone. feb 12 tf

SPECIAL

Beginning Monday we will sell any TAN SHOE in our house at actual COST.

We have also a lot of Ladies' and Gents' Needle and Pointed Toe Shoes

That we will sell you at $1.50. These are goods that sold for $3 to $5 a pair. Come early before sizes are broken.

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.

jan 19 tf

The Murchison National Bank,

Of Wilmington, N. C.,
Organized March, 1899.

Capital	$200,000 00
Surplus	40,000 00
Stock liability	200,000 00
	$440,000 00

City, State and United States Depository—Deposits $700,000 00

Security, prompt service, liberal dealing. Foreign Exchange bought and sold.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

feb 18 tf

THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN 1902

1831 Seventy-Second Year

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LUTHER TUCKER & SON,
Albany, N. Y.

oct 19 tf

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

OLD NEWSPAPERS.

You Can Buy Old Newspapers in Quantities to Suit, at the STAR OFFICE

Suitable for Wrapping Paper and Excellent for Placing Under Carpet

At The Unlucky Corner

NORTH CAROLINA HAMS.

Springfield Hams,
Jones' Hams,
Premium Hams,
Gold Band Hams,
Diamond Hams,
Picnic Hams, Sliced Hams,
Deviled Hams, Potted Ham and Abraham.

S. W. SANDERS.

jan 22 tf

FOOD AND SICKNESS.

The Common Ailments of Poultry Traceable to Improper Feeding.

Food and the way it is fed play an important part in the causing of poultry diseases. This is impressed upon me more and more as I have occasion to advise as to the cure of sick birds. In fact, I seldom am willing to say what I think the cause of an outbreak of disease may be until I know just what is fed and how it is given. Here in New England most cases of diarrhea and nearly every outbreak of so called "cholera" may be traced to improper feeding.

Until late years we had little trouble from the food used. Birds had free run, going as they pleased upon the farm or over the village lot. This gave them a chance to get the most of their food where[ ] pleased and when they wished. The corn fed was balanced up by the clover leaves and seeds from the haymow, and bugs and worms added the animal element needed. Now the old way is changed. The birds are fenced in from garden and neighbors and are dependent upon their owner for quality and quantity of food. Now poultrymen are crowding their birds to get rapid growth and the largest possible number of eggs. All this is worth considering if we wish to avoid loss and probably failure in poultry keeping.

Spoiled food has no place in the poultry feed pail. This is as true of soured food, spoiled after mixing, as it is of grain or meat that comes already tainted. All wet foods, as mash, should be prepared in quantities just enough to be fed out at once. If left standing in pail or feed dishes, it soon "works" and is the direct cause of many a large death rate in brooder chicks and also leads to diarrhea in adult birds. Better feed too dry than too wet. Young chicks grow finely, with few losses, when fed all dry food up to eight weeks of age.

It is money lost to feed grain that has been wet and probably through the burning of an elevator sold a little lower than the best feed. "Burned" wheat or oats not only do not furnish as much food as a sweet article, but are always a dangerous feed when fed to live stock. It does not pay from the point of view of the pocketbook to buy damaged grain. The best is the cheapest in the end and brings the best results sought.

The supply of green bone or ground dried meat and blood should be above suspicion. Most of the bagged meat on the market is good, but now and then you will run across a lot put out by an unknown firm that is fit only for fertilizer. These dried meat products when exposed to dampness sometimes spoil and thus become a dangerous article to use. Green bone should be used while fresh, as it stands exposure to insect life badly.—Dr. N. W. Sanborn in Poultry Keeper.

Golden Japanese Bantams.

To Mr. Henry Hales, the veteran poultry fancier of Ridgewood, N. J., belongs the credit of originating this new variety of a popular breed of bantams. Mr. Hales has been working for years to produce the Golden Japanese Bantams and has at last succeeded, the birds at present in his yards being so well marked that no one would sus-

GOLDEN JAP BANTAM COCK

pect that they are merely a new variety produced by a series of skillful crosses in which, by the way, none but genuine Japanese Bantams were employed. Mr. Hales, having exhausted the prize winning possibilities of the Dorkings, and having no other worlds to conquer in that direction, has taken up the Golden Japs merely because, as he expresses it, "They are mighty hard to get right."

Fattening Poultry in Belgium.

Consul Roosevelt of Brussels gives this interesting account of fattening poultry in Belgium: In fattening for market, at about three months old, coops of peculiar construction accommodate twenty chickens. They are twenty-four inches high, twenty inches wide, standing on four legs three feet in height. The bottom is made of lath so that the droppings fall through, the top an adjustable board to allow free circulation of air, the front lath two to two and a half inches apart and the receptacle for food a triangular shaped wooden box. The food consists of ground buckwheat mixed with milk, forming a paste not too liquid and fed twice daily. At noon milk or milk and water is given them. If any refuse to take their food, they are not forced to eat, but are removed and killed, as they will grow thin and lose their market value. They are usually fed four or five weeks.

Done Well With Turkeys.

The farmer who is always decrying turkeys and the expense of raising them will be forced to admit that the turkeys have withstood the drought better than anything else on the farm, and the food they have eaten he will not regard as so much wasted. He will find that the large drove of turkeys his wife has to sell will materially aid the family when everything else is so scarce. Turkeys may be lower on the market than usual, but I doubt it. The scarcity and consequent high prices of other meats probably will keep up the price of poultry even if there is a large supply. There is always the Thanksgiving and Christmas demand, and add to this the numbers required to grace feasts of different kinds and you will find the turkey will be in demand at good prices.—Miss Bettie G. Mackey in Reliable Poultry Journal.

The Turkey Crop.

The crop of turkeys, it is estimated, will be fully 15 per cent short of last year, or about 85 per cent of a full crop. Last year was considered about a full crop. The crop is about the same as during the year 1899, possibly a little larger. Reports in nearly all instances claim the turkeys are much poorer than usual this year, and the scarcity of feed, it is argued, will bring in a large quantity of turkeys of a poorer quality than last year. Christmas turkeys are likely to bring good prices.

For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

STOP UP THE CRACKS.

Make Poultry Houses Secure Against Drafts and Avoid Colds and Roup.

As the weather begins to get colder, especially o' nights, it is increasingly important that the birds shall be snugly sheltered from winds and storms. We do not mean that they shall be shut tight up so that no fresh air whatever can reach them, but that drafts shall be shut off, for it is to drafts that most of the colds of autumn and winter are due. The farmer thinks: "Yes, it's getting colder. Guess I'll shut the henhouse door tonight." But he does not recall that there are several cracks in the walls and around the window and door frames that he meant to stop up some time, but he hasn't found the convenient time yet. Those cracks have been growing larger. The house is only four or five years old perhaps, and when it was built the joints were made tight, and the pernicious drafts didn't exist. The first summer's sun and rains seasoned the boards and opened up the seams a bit in two or three places, but not seriously. The next summer's sun and rains added to the seasoning, and in one or two instances a bit of light could be seen through a crack. And so it has gone on until now there are several decided leaks in the walls, where the winter winds whistle through and make piercing drafts in the pen, even though window and door be tightly closed.

Drafts of air and dampness are the cause of most of the colds, the dread precursor of roup, and if we will but close up those cracks so that currents of air are prevented we have gone fully half way in heading off that most troublesome and costly ailment. And prevention is so much easier and simpler than cure. Any one who has wearily battled through a siege of roup will say "amen" to that.

And it is so easy, too, to stop up the cracks. With a few cents' worth of "Neponset" or "Paroid" or "Ruberoid" roofing material and a hammer (the nails and tin heads come with it) a man can close in the walls of the house and effectually shut out the winter blasts. Either of those roofing materials properly put on makes a poultry house or barn or any outbuilding both wind and water tight, and thereafter the ventilation of that building by window and door is wholly within control. With the cracks stopped up and direct drafts prevented the fowls can go to roost at night in comfort, and the owner will not be likely to be greeted with sneezes and other symptoms of the dreaded colds when he opens the door in the morning.

Shutting off the direct drafts pays in another way—namely, in egg production—and is to be recommended for that reason also. Warmth is a factor in the production of eggs, and the shutting out of the chill blasts is the first step toward securing that desired warmth. Absence of cold is warmth. —A. F. Hunter in Reliable Poultry Journal.

Realized His Own Madness.

"Now you are tired of me and abuse me," sobbed the young wife whose husband refused to hire another maid to take care of her pet dog. "Yet," she continued, "not two years ago you were just crazy to marry me."

"Yes," answered the complacent man brute; "my friends told me so at the time, but I didn't realize it until after we were married."—Kansas City Star.

Tot Causes Night Alarm.

"One night my brother's baby was taken with Croup," writes Mrs. J. C. Snider, of Crittenden, Ky., "it seemed it would strangle before we could get a doctor, so we gave it Dr. King's New Discovery, which gave quick relief and permanently cured it. We always keep it in the house to protect our children from Croup and Whooping Cough. It cured me of a chronic bronchial trouble that no other remedy would relieve." Infallible for Coughs, Colds, Throat and Lung troubles. Price 50 cents and $1 00. Trial bottles free, at R R. BELLAMY'S drug store.

Cures Eczema and Itching Humors Through the Blood.—Costs Nothing to Try.

B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) is a certain and sure cure for eczema, itching skin, humors, scabs, scales, watery blisters, pimples, aching bones or joints, boils, carbuncles, prickling pain in the skin, old, eating sores, ulcers, etc. Botanic Blood Balm cures the worst and most deep-seated cases by enriching, purying and vitalizing the blood, thoseby giving a healthy blood supply to the skin. Other remedies may relieve, but B. B. B. actually cures, heals every sore, and gives the rich glow of health to the skin, making the blood red and nourishing. Especially advised for old, obstinate cases. Druggists, $1. Trial treatment free and prepaid writing Dr. Gillam 213 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice given.

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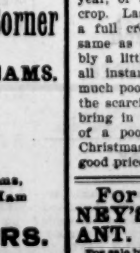

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jan 12 tf

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For terms apply to the
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Esquimaux

Don't have much use for stoves. A fire in the middle of a snow hut, with an infinitesimal hole for a chimney, is good enough for them. But such an arrangement wouldn't be considered "just the thing" in this latitude. Here people need stoves and we keep them for sale—Parlor Stoves, Kitchen Stoves, Small Bedroom Stoves, and many odd sorts. The prices are adapted to persons with non-millionairish purses, too.

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SHORT LINE
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Between New York, Tampa Atlanta, New Orleans & Points South & West

Schedule in Effect Dec. 1st, 1901.

TRAIN 39 Leaves Wilmington at 3:05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:00 P. M., Pembroke 5:45 P. M., Maxton 6:15 P. M., Hamlet 7:15 P. M., Charlotte 10:30 P. M.

TRAIN 40 Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M., Hamlet at 7:30 A. M., arrives Maxton 8:59 A. M., Pembroke 9:30 A. M., Lumberton 9:54 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

WESTBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Hamlet	10 35 p m	6 35 a m
Ar Monroe	10 11 a m	6.30 a m
Ar Charlotte	....	9 35 a m
Ar Chester	1.35 a m	9 45 a m
Ar Greenwood	5.43 a m	11.52 p m
Ar Athens	6 13 a m	12.10 p m
Ar Atlanta	8.50 a m	4.55 p m

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points.

SOUTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10.35 p m	6 40 a m
Ar Columbia	1 06 a m	6.40 a m
Ar Savannah	4 40 a m	12.05 p m
Ar Jacksonville	9.05 a m	2.50 p m
Ar Tampa	5.40 p m	5.00 a m

NORTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	11.00 p m	7.40 a m	
Ar Raleigh	2.00 a m	1.05 a m	
Ar Norfina	2.50 a m	11.08 p m	
Ar Portsmouth	9.05 a m	2.50 p m	
Ar Norfolk	7.15 a m	5.25 p m	
Lv Hamlet	10.40 p m	7.35 a m	7.40 a m
Ar Raleigh	1.20 a m	10.15 a m	11.00 a m
Ar Norfina	2.50 a m	11.55 a m	1.25 p m
Ar Petersburg	7.54 a m	2.06 p m	4.55 p m
Ar Richmond	6.35 a m	3.06 p m	5.45 p m
Ar Washington	10.10 a m	6.33 p m	9.30 p m
Ar Baltimore	11.28 a m	11.50 p m	11.05 p m
Ar New York	4.15 p m	6.30 a m	6.30 a m

Train 40 leaving Hamlet at 8.10 a. m. takes passengers from train 81, leaving New York at 1.00 p. m.; Baltimore at 5.45 p. m.; Washington 7.10 p. m.; Richmond 10.40 p. m.; Portsmouth 2.50 p. m.; Norfolk 5.30 p. m.; Raleigh 5.55 a. m. arriving at Hamlet at 6.30 a. m. From train 36, leaving Atlanta 8.00 p. m.; Athens 11.48 p. m.; Chester 4.05 a. m.; Charlotte 5.00 a. m.; Monroe 5.40 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.00 a. m.

From train 66 leaving Jacksonville 7.40 p. m.; Savannah 11.25 p. m.; Columbia 3.06 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.05 a. m.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

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R. E. L. BUNCH,
General Passenger Agent.

JAS. M. BARR, 1st Vice Pres't and Gen'l Man.
dec 7 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	4 40	Goldsboro	11 00	.....
.....	4 22	Kinston	10 19	.....
5 40	5 50	Newbern	9 37	9 00
7 08	7 27	Morehead City	8 20	7 37
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.25 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.06 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

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WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

On and after Monday, September 23rd, 1901 the schedule on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Wrightsville.
2 30 P. M.	8 15 A. M.
6 30 P. M.	5 15 P. M.

SUNDAY TRAIN.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Wrightsville.
2 30 P. M.	5 15 P. M.
6 30 P. M.	

Freight must be prepaid and will be carried on the 2.30 P. M. train only.

H. O. GRANT,
sep 22 tf Superintendent.

Wanted, Furs.

5,000 Raccoon Skins.
5,000 Fox Skins.
5,000 Opossum Skins.
1,000 Mink Skins.

And Furs of all description. Highest price aid. Quotations furnished on application.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

nov 24 tf 19 Market street.

Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co

Schedule in Effect Dec. 22, 1901.

NORTH BOUND.

DEPARTURES FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.05 A. M., Warsaw 11.35 A. M., Goldsboro 12.32 P. M., Wilson 1.18 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.32 P. M., Weldon 4.02 P. M., Petersburg 5.45 P. M., Richmond 7.45 P. M., Washington 11.45 P. M., Baltimore 1.38 A. M., Philadelphia 4.55 A. M., New York 7.15 A. M., *Boston 2.55 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.38 P. M., Warsaw 8.40 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 10.20 P. M., *Tarboro 9.34 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.32 P. M., Weldon 1.57 A. M., *Norfolk 1.00 P. M., Petersburg 3.1 A. M., Richmond 3.57 A. M., Washington 7.30 A. M., Baltimore 9.01 A. M., Philadelphia 11.13 A. M., New York 1.43 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 9.25 P. M. — No. 59—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.12 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY except Sunday 9.45 A. M. — No. 51—Due Lake Waccamaw 7.10 A. M., Chadbourn 7.41 A. M., Marion 8.40 A. M., Florence 9.25 A. M., Lanes 11.20 A. M., Charleston 1.10 P. M.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.55 P. M., Chadbourn 5.30 P. M., Marion 6.40 P. M., Florence 7.28 P. M., Sumter 9.15 P. M., Columbia 10.40 P. M., Denmark 6.14 A. M., Augusta 8.10 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.45 P. M., Charleston 11.15 P. M., Savannah 2.05 A. M., Jacksonville 8.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.50 A. M., Tampa 10.00 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.10 A. M. — No. 52—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.30 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.40 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.55 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 4.00 P. M. — No. 42—Passenger—Leave Boston *1.30 P. M., New York *9.30 P. M., Philadelphia 12.00 A. M., Baltimore 2.35 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 9.49 A. M., Norfolk 3.05 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.32 P. M., Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 1.40 P. M., Goldsboro 2.15 P. M., Warsaw 4.10 P. M., Magnolia 4.25 P. M.

DAILY 10.10 A. M. — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.25 A. M., Philadelphia 12.03 P. M., Baltimore 2.15 P. M., Washington 3.45 P. M., Richmond 7.23 P. M., Petersburg 7.59 P. M., **Norfolk 4.00 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., **Tarboro 7.32 P. M., Rocky Mount 8.45 A. M. Leave Wilson 9.20 A. M., Goldsboro 10.31 A. M., Warsaw 9.01 A. M., Magnolia 9.37 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 3.00 P. M. — No. 53—Passenger—Leave Newbern 3.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.50 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY except Sunday 1.40 P. M. — No. 50—Leave Charleston 4.30 P. M., Lanes 6.06 P. M., Florence 8.15 P. M., Marion 8.54 P. M., Chadbourn 9.53 P. M., Lake Waccamaw 10.21 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 7.15 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.40 A. M., Sanford 2.10 P. M., Jacksonville 6.30 P. M., Savannah 1.30 A. M., Charleston 5.45 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.50 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.25 P. M., Columbia 6.55 A. M., Sumter 8.09 P. M., Florence 10.10 A. M., Marion 10.54 A. M., Chadbourn 11.50 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.29 A. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. — No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 3.05 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 4.30 P. M., leave Fayetteville 4.50 P. M.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.10 A. M. Maxton 9.05 A. M., Red Springs 9.30 A. M., Parkton 10.05 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 11.10 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 5.00 P. M., Red Springs 5.40 P. M., Maxton 6.16 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Lumberton Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 9.15 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10.10 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 2.15 P. M., Halifax 3.25 P. M., arrive Scotland Neck 4.10 P. M., Greenville 5.40 P. M., Kinston 6.45 P. M. Returning leave Kinston 7.30 A. M., Greenville 8.30 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.05 A. m., Weldon 11.30 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 A. M. and 2.45 P. M., arrive Parmele 8.55 A. M. and 4.10 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 11.10 A. M. and 5.22 P. M.; arrives Washington 12.30 A. M and 6.15 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 4.35 P. M.; Sunday, 4.05 P. M.; arrives Pinemount 6.35 P. M. and 6.20 P. M. Returning leaves Pinemount daily except Sunday, 7.30 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 9.55 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro daily except Sunday 5.10 A. M., arriving Smithfield 6.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7.00 A. M., arrives at Goldsboro 8.05 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.00 A. M., 4.00 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.30 A. M., 4.25 P. M., Spring Hope 11.05 A. M., 4.45 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.30 A. M., 5.15 P. M., Nashville 11.45 A. M., 5.45 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 12.10 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 6.45 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.13 A. M., arrive Latta 10.45 A. M., Dillon 10.58 A. M., Rowland 11.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.10 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.37 P. M., Latta 6.44 P. M., Pee Dee 7.06 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Chadbourn 12.01 P. M.; arrive Conway 2.30 P. M.; returning leave Conway 2.55 P. M. arrive Chadbourn 5.30 P. M. leave Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Elrod 6.10 A. M., returning leave Elrod 6.40 A. M.; arrive Chadbourn 11.25 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 6.30 P. M., Manning 6.56 P. M.; arrive Lane's 7.40 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.00 A. M., Manning 9.00 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.43 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 8.40 A. M., *7.00 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 10 A. M., *8.30 P. M.; leave Georgetown 6.30 A. M.; *4.15 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.00 A. M.; *8.35 P. M.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 10.05 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.30 A. M., Hartsville 9.55 P. M., Cheraw 11.45 A. M., Wadesboro 12.50 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8.00 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.35 P. M., Bennettsville 9.23 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 10.05 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.30 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.05 A. M. Bennettsville 7.05 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.15 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.25 A. M., Darlington 6.25 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington 8.40 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.50 P. M., 11.10 P. M., arrive Selma 2.40 P. M. 11.52 P. M., Smithfield 3.05 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M. Fayetteville 4.35 P. M., 1.10 A. M., Rowland 6.10 P. M., returning leave Rowland 11.15 A. M., Fayetteville 12.35 P. M., 10.07 P. M., Dunn 1.34 P. M., Smithfield 2.03 P. M. Selma 2.10 P. M., 11.25 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.57 P. M., 12.07 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.25 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M., arrive Denmark 6.14 A. M. Returning leave Denmark 4.25 P. M., Creston 5.36 P. M. Sumter 6.19 P. M. Daily.

*Daily except Sunday. **Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
dec 22 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

From New York for Wilmington.

GEO. W. CLYDE..... Saturday, Feb. 22
ONEIDA..... Saturday, March 1

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ONEIDA..... Tuesday, Feb. 18
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feb 18 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 18.

BILLS PASSED THE SENATE.

To Establish a Permanent Census Office and to Extend the Charters of National Banks

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—After an extended debate the Senate to-day passed the bill establishing a permanent census office. The discussion related principally to the collection and publication by the director of the census office of statistics respecting the production of cotton. Mr. Allison vigorously opposed the provision, but it was inserted in the bill.

Several other bills of importance on the calendar were passed, among them one extending the charters of the national banks.

When consideration was resumed of the permanent census bill, the pending amendment was that offered by Senator Tillman, providing that the director of the census should issue monthly bulletins from October 1st, each year, until and including March 1st, on the production of cotton as reported by the ginners.

Senator Allison opposed the amendment principally because information concerning the cotton crop now was furnished by the secretary of agriculture. He described in detail the methods pursued by the Agricultural Department in obtaining information concerning the production of cotton.

Senator Money proposed an amendment to the amendment so that the bulletins should be issued weekly beginning September 1 of each year, and extending to and including February 1.

The amendment to the amendment was agreed to and the amendment as amended then was adopted without division.

Senator Allison moved that the paragraph authorizing the director of the census to collect cotton statistics be stricken out, but the motion was lost.

The bill was then passed and the Senate shortly after adjourned.

LYNCHING IN MISSOURI.

Row at New Madrid Between Whites and a Negro Minstrel Troupe—One of the Negoes Used a Pistol.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 17.—A special to the *Post-Dispatch* from Madrid, Mo., says:

"A mob of masked men overpowered the jailor and took a negro, Louis Wright, a short distance from town last night and hanged him.

Richard & Pringle's negro minstrels gave an entertainment here Saturday night, when an altercation arose between one of the musicians and some persons in the audience. The whites made an onslaught on the musicians and one of the negroes on the stage began to shoot. Several persons in the audience were hit, but no was seriously hurt. The negroes ran out the back way to their private car, which was soon surrounded by armed men, but no violence was done, owing to the arrival of the town marshal. All the negroes were put in jail and in the preliminary examination the name of the negro who did the shooting was discovered. He was lynched and the others will be released. Several of the prisoners were badly beaten.

TWO THOUSAND PERISHED.

Details of the Earthquake at Shamaka A Volcano in Active Eruption—A River's Course Changed.

By Cable to the Morning Star

BAKU, TRANSCAUCASIA, Feb. 17.—Details which are slowly arriving at Baku from Shamaka show that two thousand persons, mostly women and children, perished as a result of the earthquake there last week and that four thousand houses were destroyed. Thirty-four villages of the country surrounding Shamaka also suffered.

To add to the terrors of the neighborhood, a volcano near the village of Marasy, eastward of Shamaka, has broken out into active eruption. A great crevasse has appeared, whence immense flames and streams of lava are being thrown out. The course of the river Geonchaika has been altered in consequence of its bed being dammed with earth which had been dislodged by the earthquake.

Battalions of guards and detachments of sappers with tents have been dispatched to Shamaka to aid in the work of rescue. The Red Cross Society is active in alleviating distress.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Marconi Operators at the Lizard Station in Communication With the Wilhelm.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—The officials at Marconi's office in London say their Lizard station was in communication with the Kron Prinz Wilhelm, with Prince Henry of Prussia on board, up to 9 A. M. to day, when the steamer was about 140 miles west of the Lizard.

A powerful Marconi station at Mullion, Cornwall, was continuing to dispatch wireless telegrams towards the Kron Prinz Wilhelm, but the limit of the distance covered will not be known until the steamer's arrival on the other side of the Atlantic, as she was not equipped with an apparatus powerful enough to enable her to reply.

Alf McMurray, manager of Tommy Felts, announces that arrangements have been concluded and articles signed for a meeting between Felts and Harry Forbes, for the bantam championship, the mill to take place in St. Louis February 27th.

She Didn't Wear a Mask.

But her beauty was completely hidden by Sores, Blotches and Pimples till she used Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Then they vanished, as will all Eruptions, Fever Sores, Boils, Ulcers, Carbuncles and Felons from its use. Infallible for Cuts, Burns, Scalds and Piles. Cure guaranteed. Price 25c, at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

GAG RULE ADOPTED BY REPUBLICANS.

All Opportunity to Offer Amendment to Bill to Repeal War Taxes Cut Off.

THE UNEXPECTED HAPPENED.

Upon Motion of Richardson, Democratic Leader, the Bill Was at Once Put Upon Its Passage and Was Passed Unanimously.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The unexpected happened in the House to-day when the bill to repeal the war revenue taxes was passed unanimously without a word of debate. This action was the outcome of a challenge thrown down by Mr. Richardson, of Tennessee, the minority leader, after the adoption by a strict party vote of a special order for consideration of the bill which permitted debate upon it until 4 o'clock to-morrow afternoon, but cut off all opportunity to offer amendments except such as had been agreed upon by the Ways and Means Committee. The adoption of the rule had been preceded by a stormy debate in the course of which the Democrats protested against the application of the "gag" which Mr. Ray, of Virginia, charged was meant to prevent a free expression not only by the Democrats, but by some of the Republicans, attention being especially directed toward Mr. Babcock, of Wisconsin, the father of the bill to amend the steel schedule of the present tariff law. When the rule was adopted by a vote of 150 to 120, Mr. Richardson, to emphasize the fact that debate on the bill could accomplish nothing and that deliberation upon it would be fruitless, asked unanimous consent that the bill be placed upon its passage. Not an objection was voiced and the vote was forthwith taken. Every vote, 278 in number, was cast in the affirmative.

The Gag Rule.

Mr. Dalzell, Pennsylvania, from the Committee on Rules, presented the special order agreed upon by the committee. Mr. Dalzell explained the effect of the rule. This measure, he said, was presented to redeem a pledge made when the war revenue taxes were imposed that when the necessity for them ceased they would be repealed.

At the conclusion of his brief statement Mr. Dalzell yielded thirty minutes to Mr. Underwood, Alabama, also of the Committee on Rules.

The Alabama member protested against the adoption of the rule, not, he said, because it provided for the consideration of a bill to reduce taxation, but because it prevented individual members from airing their own judgment or carrying out the wishes of their constituents as to what portion of the excessive taxes should be repealed.

Mr. Underwood said he did not think a general tariff revision should be made, because such a revision, whether good or bad, would unsettle present conditions and might lead to disorder. He thought that the proper method of reducing duties at this time should be through reciprocity agreements made in pursuance of congressional enactment, and sent to the clerk's desk and had read an amendment representing his ideas in this particular.

To Prevent Tariff Revision.

Mr. Ball, of Texas, denounced the rule as but another step in the parliamentary evolution by which individualism in the House was being crushed and a few men were enthroned as autocrats to dominate its will.

The reason for the presentation of the rule, he declared, was because it was necessary to gag two Republicans on the floor and all the Democrats of the House. He referred to the report in the newspapers that the President even had become converted to the view that the "iron hand" was necessary to prevent a wholesale revision of the tariff. At this point Mr. Babcock, of Wisconsin, one of the Republican members of the Ways and Means Committee, to whom Mr. Ball had referred, read a statement of his reasons for favoring the adoption of the rule. It was to the effect that after consultation he and his colleagues did not consider it wise to jeopardize the passage of the repeal bill by complicating matters, but he gave notice that at the first opportunity he would press for the consideration of his bill to amend the steel schedule.

Mr. Hay, of Virginia, declared that the pending rule would humiliate every member on the floor, because it prevented the offering of a single amendment to this bill. It was such

A Display of Cowardice

as had never before been witnessed in the House. [Democratic applause.] When the bill went to the Senate it would be debated and amended, but by this rule the House would be deprived of its rightful function. It would but emphasize the growing opinion of the country that the House of Representatives simply was a machine to register the decrees of a few men. When the popular branch of every legislative assembly in Europe was being given more power, he said, this House was bound and gagged. The debate to be accorded under the rule, he declared, would be a farce, because it could accomplish nothing.

Mr. Cannon, Illinois, argued earnestly in favor of the adoption of the rule. Even if other revenue reduction was advisable it should not stand in the way of the repeal of taxes gathered in the treasury from the people, there to constitute a prize upon exploitation.

Richardson's Appeal.

Mr. Richardson closed the debate for the minority. In doing so he offered to yield half his time to any one on the Republican side who cared to oppose the adoption of the rule. He paused when he had made the offer, but no Republican arose. Smiling faces looked over at him from across the aisle. "No gentleman on that side is opposed to this rule," said he, sarcastically. "With your majority of forty it will be very easy then to adopt it, but is it not strange that with such a majority such a rule should be necessary?" He insisted that there were members on the other side who were restive under the demand of their constituents for a revision of some of the tariff schedules and that they would have hard work explaining their action. The gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. Babcock) he declared, could not go back to his constituents with the lame excuse he had offered on the floor. "This is his last opportunity," said he, "and the gentleman knows it. There will be no other opportunity to give his people relief, and if he tries to explain his course let one of his constituents ask him why he voted for this rule." In conclusion, Mr. Richardson stated that those on his side favored the repeal of the war taxes; in fact, that if they had their way they would have been repealed long ago.

Dalzell Closed Debate.

Mr. Dalzell closed the debate on the rule. In view of the solicitude of the gentleman of Virginia (Mr. Ray) and the gentlemen from Texas, (Mr. Ball) regarding the situation in the House, he said he would recur to some history. He recalled how the Democrats in the 53rd Congress had swallowed 649 amendments to the Wilson tariff bill without even having them read in the House. The dignity of the House and the legislation of the country, he declared, amid Republican applause, were safe in the hands of the Republican party.

The previous question was then ordered, but Mr. Richardson thereupon offered a motion to recommit the rule with instructions to report it back amended so as to open the bill for amendment under the five minute rule.

Mr. Dalzell immediately made the point that the motion was dilatory.

Speaker Henderson and Mr. Richardson had a sharp exchange over the point of order which the Speaker sustained. The Speaker said a similar ruling had been made by Speaker Reed in the 51st Congress; also by Speaker Crisp and during the last Congress by himself.

"But subsequent to Speaker Crisp's ruling, Speaker Reed reversed the ruling," said Mr. Richardson.

"I sustain the ruling of Speaker Crisp," returned Speaker Henderson, smiling.

Mr. Richardson thereupon appealed from the decision of the chair and Mr. Dalzell moved to lay the appeal upon the table. This motion was carried—165 to 163.

A Democratic Coup.

Upon the announcement of the vote Mr. Richardson, the minority leader, sprang a surprise which ended the whole proceeding and put the bill immediately upon its passage. Rising in his seat he said:

"Mr. Speaker, I rise to make a request for unanimous consent. In view of the fact that we are not permitted to amend the pending bill and in view of the fact that two days debate is absolutely fruitless under this rule, I ask unanimous consent that the bill be put upon its passage now." (Applause on both sides.)

Members looked at each other in amazement. Only a few of the Democrats had knowledge of the contemplated coup, and none of the Republicans had wind of it. The Speaker put the request and raised his gavel.

"Is there objection?" he asked. He waited a moment. Not a sound was heard. "The chair hears none," said the Speaker, as he brought his gavel down with a whack. Then spontaneously from both sides the applause rang out. In one moment all debate was wiped out, and the clerk by order of the Speaker read the bill.

The verbal amendments were agreed to in gross.

Mr. Payne, the majority leader, demanded the yeas and nays upon the final passage of the bill.

The bill was passed unanimously, 278 members voting aye. The announcement of the result was applauded on both sides of the House.

The House then adjourned.

SOUTHERN ELECTIONS.

Republican House Caucus Want a Special Investigating Committee.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The Republican members of the House of Representatives held a third caucus to night to consider the question of Southern elections. The attendance was not as numerous as at former gatherings, Speaker Henderson not attending and only 85 Republicans out of a total of 199 being present. This was short of a quorum, but the meeting proceeded, with speedy and definite results, a resolution being adopted asking the House Committee on Rules to report a resolution for a special investigating committee of eleven members to consider questions relating to the disfranchisement of voters.

The debate was brief and was entirely favorable to the adoption of the resolution. Mr. Dick supported it on the ground that it was simply a preliminary step with a view to ascertaining facts, leaving the question of remedy to be determined when the House was in possession of all the facts.

Mr. Crumpacker concurred in this view and readily accepted the resolution in lieu of the one he had first introduced which proposed not only an investigation, but also fixed the remedy, namely, a reduction of representation in Congress proportionate to the extent of disfranchisement. Mr. Grosvenor, of Ohio, closed the debate by a speech in support of the resolution. He pointed out that as this was a step merely to ascertain facts, there was no danger of creating the public impression that the Republican party proposed to enact any drastic legislation on the subject.

The vote was then taken and without a dissenting voice the resolution was agreed to. The caucus thereupon adjourned.

DISTURBANCES IN SPAIN.

Serious Rioting at Barcelona—Troops Clearing the Streets.

By Cable to the Morning Star

MADRID, Feb. 17.—It is estimated that 40,000 men have struck at Barcelona, and serious rioting is reported there to-day. The mob attempted to sack the market buildings and stop all street traffic. The factories and shops in the city have been closed. Groups of women with banners are taking a prominent part in the disturbances. Several battalions of troops are clearing the streets.

During the rioting at Barcelona the troops fired on the mob, killing one person and wounding twenty four. An unconfirmed telegram received here gives the results of the charging and firing by the troops at ten killed and sixty-five wounded.

THE EMPEROR'S YACHT.

Two Thousand Invitations to the Launching Sent Out by the Builders.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Two thousand invitations to the launching of the Emperor's yacht were sent out to-day by the builders, Townsend Downey Company. Only those whose names had been passed upon by the committee of arrangements at Washington and the secret service and personal friends of the builders, received the coveted card boards. The invited guests include those foremost in official life in Washington and nearly all the celebrities of finance, politics, literature, art and the business and official life of this city.

W. J. Bryan will be in Columbus, Ohio, next Sunday to confer with Democratic leaders regarding the political situation in Ohio, and plans will be made for the future organization and work of the party. On Monday, Mr. Bryan will go to New York, where he is to have a similar conference with Democratic leaders of that State.

For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

SNOW STORM IN NEW YORK CITY.

The Fiercest That Has Struck That Section Since the Blizzard of 1888.

STREET TRAFFIC BLOCKED.

Snow Piled in Great Drifts—Mail Service Interrupted—Work On River Front at a Standstill—Clearing Away the Snow.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—New York city has borne the brunt of the fiercest snow storm that has struck this section of the country since the great blizzard of 1888. Beginning soon after midnight the storm increased rapidly until by daybreak the whole city was completely snowed under. The rising force of the gale piled the snow in great drifts that for a time almost suspended traffic, except in the main thoroughfares, where the car tracks were only kept open by the constant use of snow ploughs and sweepers.

Communication between Manhattan and Brooklyn was subject to long delay. The ferryboats with difficulty made trips across the ice-choked rivers, and the work of tugboats, lighters, and shipping generally, was almost at a standstill. So heavy was the snowfall that the loading of vessels was stopped, it being impossible to keep the hatches open.

Steamers Delayed.

Two steamers which arrived during the night struggled as far as quarantine, where they came to anchor. Several steamers are supposed to be off Sandy Hook waiting for the storm to abate before attempting to enter the port.

To-night the local weather bureau reports that the worst of the snowfall, which began to abate in the afternoon, is probably over. The fall up to 3 o'clock this afternoon was 9.3 inches. This afternoon, hurricane signals were hoisted at Sandy Hook and New York and many vessels are detained in port.

There was considerable delay in the arrival of the mails. The local deliveries of mail were hampered by the difficulty of driving the wagons through the snow-encumbered streets.

All mail service between this city and points on Long Island was practically suspended.

The congestion of the traffic on the Manhattan street car lines was severe during the morning, when many of the avenues were blocked with long lines of stalled cars. On Broadway wheel traffic was confined to the narrow lanes between high snow hills, and along these cabs, carts and trucks crawled at a snail's pace. From other thoroughfares truck traffic disappeared almost entirely.

In the shopping district the blockade was so complete that several of the great department stores closed at 4 o'clock.

Clearing the Streets.

Four thousand men were set to work to clear the streets of Manhattan early in the afternoon. Of these, half were engaged in opening cross-walks, while 2 000 men and 300 trucks were employed clearing the main streets.

On the elevated lines there was considerable delay in the early hours, but but by the evening rush hours all trains were running on time, although enormously overcrowded, owing to the condition of the surface lines.

Brooklyn Bridge was kept clear of snow from the time the storm began, but both the elevated and trolley cars were crowded to their utmost capacity, although many thousands of Brooklynites preferred the perilous passage of the ferries to participating in the crush of the bridge.

Throughout Brooklyn the blockade was even more general than in Manhattan, and little progress was made by the street cleaning department beyond opening cross-walks on the principal streets. During the day not over 60 per cent. of the cars of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit system were in operation and thousands were compelled to make their way on foot to the ferries.

Staten islanders suffered more than the residents of any of the boroughs of Greater New York. The boats were all much behind time and no effort was made to keep schedule time, the main trouble being due to the great masses of ice packed in the slips at St. George. The island itself was completely snowed under and the movement of trolleys or trains was brought to a halt. The conditions of traffic were in every respect worse than in the great blizzard of 1888.

Telegraph and telephone service in New York experienced little interruption for while the snow was heavy, there was no sleet to break the wires.

During the day only a few minor accidents to pedestrians resulted from the storm.

The fleet of warships lying off quarantine to await the arrival of Prince Henry was for hours cut off by floating ice from communication with the shore. Forty marines who put off to the ships in boats from Staten Island were compelled to put back and return to the navy yard.

The Storm Center.

PHILADELPHIA Feb. 17.—The heavy snowstorm which began in this section at 10 o'clock last night, ceased at 5 o'clock this afternoon, the fall of snow being the heaviest in three years. A high wind accompanied the snow, but to night the wind is rapidly diminishing.

The greatest fall of snow occurred at Atlantic City, which was the centre of the storm this morning. The weather bureau there reports that seventeen inches fell and that the maximum velocity of the wind was thirty four miles. Cape May reported a snow fall of eight inches.

Situation Improving.

NEW YORK, February 17.—Advices received to-night from points in New Jersey show that the great blizzard has been felt from Bergen county to Cape May and from Atlantic City to Camden. The latest advices are that during the evening the storm abated considerably, the snow having ceased to fall and the wind having decreased in velocity.

As was natural, the brunt of the gale, which approached the dimensions of a hurricane, was felt by the seacoast towns but the interior cities and towns did not escape. Travel by road was almost impossible; cities and villages not provided with large gangs of street cleaners gave up the battle against the driving snow early in the day; the railroads were enabled to move trains only by the free use of snow plows and street car traffic all over the State was stopped until the sweeping machines and plows cleared the tracks about the middle of the afternoon.

By night the situation was much improved and passenger trains on all trunk lines crossing the State were coming in only thirty minutes late.

Storm at Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 17.—The ice pack in the upper part of Chesapeake bay and the lower part of the Patapsco river has practically put a stop to navigation at this point. None of the boats of the regular lines plying between this city and points on the Chesapeake left the docks here to-night.

The oyster schooner Sea Bell, Capt. Sol Russel, was sunk off Sany Point on Sunday. The schooner was from Washington and carried five hundred bushels of oysters. The captain and crew were rescued with some difficulty.

BOER DELEGATES' MISSION.

Coming to the United States—Hoping to Get the Government to Modify Its Attitude Towards Mediation

Special to Richmond Dispatch.

PARIS, Feb. 17.—Dr. Leds, the European agent of the Boers, who is now in the city, was questioned by the Associated Press correspondent to day regarding the object of the mission to the United States of the Boer delegates, Messrs. Wessels and Womarans. He replied that they were merely going to America in response to invitations from American pro Boers, with the view of reaching an arrangement for the distribution of funds and other assistance contributed by the people of the United States towards the Boer cause.

In other quarters, however, the impression obtains that the journey is prompted by the developments of the Anglo-German controversy as to the attitude of the powers previous to the Spanish American war, which the Boer delegation believe has produced a change of sentiment in the United States towards Great Britain on account of the pro-Spanish action attributed to Lord Pauncefote, the British ambassador at Washington in April, 1898. The Boers hope to utilize this supposed revulsion of feeling in an endeavor to get the United States government to modify its attitude towards mediation.

BOGUS $20 BILLS.

Made in a Photograph Establishment in Talladega, Alabama

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

BIRMINGHAM, ALA. Feb. 17.—Secret Service Agent McAdams to-day found the negative plates used by W. B Shyle, the alleged counterfeiter, and discovered his process of making the bogus $20 bills, a number of which were passed in Birmingham.

The negatives were found in Shyle's photograph establishment over a store in Talladega, Ala. McAdams declares that proof is positive that the bills were printed from these negatives. There are twelve of the plates and six bills can be printed at one time. The paper on which the bills were printed was obtained in the same manner as ordinary folio of albumen in sheets. An ordinary photographer's printing frame was used in transferring the lines from the plate, the sheets being reversed to get an impression on each side. The coloring was done by a mixture used in tinting photographs. Twenty-four thousand dollars in counterfeit $20 bills were found in Shyle's valise at the time of his arrest.

WARM WIRELETS.

A New York dispatch says that all grades of refined sugars were advanced five points yesterday.

Admiral and Mrs. Schley left Washington for New York city yesterday morning. They will be away three days.

Major Williams H. Smyth, postmaster of Atlanta, died yesterday of grippe. He was recently appointed for a second term.

Nine convicts escaped from Shelby farm, Bolivia, Miss., by sawing their way through the cage. Bloodhounds have been put upon the trail.

Edward Moon, a grain merchant at Memphis, Tenn., filed a petition in bankruptcy, showing liabilities at $80,000; assets considerably less.

Rear Admiral Count Von Baudissin, commander of Emperor William's yacht Hohenzollern, came to Philadelphia last night for the purpose of visiting relatives.

Miss Helen Gould and party left Atlanta last night for Charleston, S. C. Miss Gould will return to Washington from Charleston by way of the Southern railway.

The Atlantic Yacht Club, New York city, at a special meeting last night elected Emperor William of Germany and Prince Henry of Prussia to membership. This was in accordance with a decision reached at a regular meeting held recently.

Estelle Swann, the women who was found stabbed and horribly burned in an isolated cabin near Rome, Ga., a few days ago, died last night. W. C. Barnes, the man charged with setting the house on fire, is in jail, pending investigation.

Yang Yu, the Chinese minister to Russia, died yesterday in St. Petersburg, after a short illness. Yang Yu, who was over sixty years of age, was a Manchu, and it is said that he was bitterly opposed to signing over Manchuria to Russia.

The eleventh continental congress of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution convened in Washington yesterday. About 800 delegates and others representing chapters in States throughout the country were present.

A sensation was caused in the British Parliament by the appearance of an American visitor from Georgia, named J. F. Skinner, who stands seven feet seven inches high. Sir Howard Vincent, M. P., escorted the giant through both houses.

An Augusta, Ga., dispatch says that J. F. Skinner, who is said to have caused a sensation in the House of Commons in London, is a well known citizen of Augusta. He left there in January, and is advertising now for an animal show in England. He belongs to a family of giants.

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt yesterday was re-elected president of the National Woman Suffrage Association for the ensuing year. The announcement of Mrs. Catt's re-election as president was received with enthusiasm, and amid hand-clapping and waving of handkerchiefs, she was escorted to the front of the platform by Miss Anthony, who made a few appropriate remarks. "She is my successor," said Miss Anthony, "and I am proud of it and happy." Mrs. Catt thanked the convention for its confidence.

Norfolk Peanut Market.

NORFOLK, VA., February 17.—Peanut market quiet; fancy 3@3½c; strictly prime 3c; prime 2½@2¾c; Spaniah nuts 7@8c.

The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fevers is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. Price, 50c. sa tu th

CUBAN RECIPROCITY.

Plans Being Considered for Taking Up the Question in the House.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—With the passage of the war revenue reduction bill in the House to-day, informal plans are being considered on both sides of the chamber for the consideration of the Cuban reciprocity question now pending before the Ways and Means Committee. Chairman Payne said to-night that no definite plan had yet been matured for taking up the question, either by the Republican members or by the committee as a whole. At the same time there is a pretty general understanding among the Republican members of the committee that they will confer on the subject later in the week.

The Democratic members of the Ways and Means Committee held a meeting this afternoon immediately after the passage of the war revenue repeal act, to consider plans for dealing with the Cuban reciprocity question when it comes up. It was stated after the meeting that no definite line of action was determined upon.

RATIFIED BY THE SENATE

Treaty With Denmark Ceding the Danish West Indies to the United States.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

WASHINGTON, February 17.—To-day, in little more than an hour's time, the Senate disposed of the treaty with Denmark, ceding to the United States, for a consideration of $5,000,000, the islands of St. Thomas, St. John and St. Croix, composing the group of the Antilles known as the Danish West Indies and lying just east of Porto Rico, and thus, so far as this country is concerned, consummated a transaction which has been under consideration since the administration of President Lincoln.

Making the Choir Sing.

Many conscientious ministers have had trouble with wayward choirs; but not all have had Dr. Samuel West's witty address or management. There had been difficulty with the singers, and they had given out that they should not sing on the next Sunday. This was told to Dr. West. "Well, well, we will see," he said and on Sunday morning gave out his hymn. After reading it he said very emphatically, "You will begin with the second verse:

"Let those refuse to sing
Who never knew our God."

The hymn was sung.

A Scoop.

"What did your wife do when she found those poker chips in your overcoat pocket?" asked the practical joker.

"She took the matter very coolly. She found out where they came from and sent a messenger boy to get them cashed."—Washington Star.

Quick and Effective.

Willie—How did you break your wife of the "advanced woman" craze?

Wise—Told her everybody thought it meant "advanced" in years.—Kansas City Independent.

Sweeping.

A young man who had just entered the office of Jeremiah Mason, the great New Hampshire legal luminary, to study law asked him where he should begin. Mason, pointing to the books on the library shelves, answered laconically, "Anywhere."

Quality is what makes price. If Burnett's Vanilla extract was no better than other extracts its price would be the same. Once tried always used.

BUSINESS LOCALS

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 10 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Consumers of Wood will always find the best quality of all kinds and all lengths of Wood (big Black Jack a specialty) at lowest prices at my wood yard, No. 18 South Water street, between Market and Dock. A trial will convince you. W. W. Koon, Bell 'Fone 719. feb 18 1m*

Steam Laundry for Sale—A well equipped Laundry for sale. A bargain. Terms easy. Good cause for selling. Look Box 30, Wake Forrest, N. C. su tu th su feb 16 4t*

A Means of Quick Heating is what you need for the bath room. Have a Gas Heater placed in your bath room. Wilmington Gas Light Company. feb 16 tf

Board—A few gentlemen can be accommodated with board, with or with out room, at 2.9 Red Cross street, corner Third. feb 9 tf

Notice—We have received another car load Jamaica Bananas, a great deal finer than the last one. Call and see them or send in your orders now. Will make shipments promptly and prices right. J. K. Westbrook & Co., 208 and 210 dark-t street, Bell 'Phone 447. feb 4 tf

Second-Hand Organ just like new for sale cheap; also, party leaving town wants to sell fine Upright Piano at a bargain. Warerooms corner Front and Ann streets. feb 3 tf

Prof. Max Hirsch's Piano Tuning and Repairing first class. Satisfaction guaranteed. P. O. Box 899, or call Bell 'Phone 782. feb 3 tf

For Rent—Store and warehouses, 116 and 118 Market street, between Front and second. Size of store 32x65 feet. Plate glass front. All modern improvements. Suitable for any class of business. Immediate possession. Terms reasonable. Apply to B. B. J. Ahrens. feb 1 tf

I Have removed to No. 218 Market street, where I shall keep a full line of country produce, foreign fruits, candies, etc. Bell 'Phone 403; Inter-state 229. A. S. Winstead. jan 1 tf

The Dixie Cafe—Most popular place in town for quick lunches, meals and everything to refresh the inner man. Tables always supplied with oysters and game. Orders sent anywhere in the city. S. F. Harmon, proprietor, Princess street. dec 6 tf.

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets or for wrapping paper. oct 2 tf

JUST ARRIVED, MULES AND HORSES.

I have just returned with a lot of extra good

MULES AND HORSES.

You will find me at S. J. Davis' Stables, 308 and 310 Market street.

J. C. BLAKELY.

feb 15 tf

WE OFFER

300 Bags Pure Wheat Bran $1.50 Cash.

W. B. COOPER,

Progressive Wholesale Grocer,

feb 16 tf Wilmington, N. C.

THE CLIMAX.

The Climax Barber Shop, as its name indicates, has reached the highest point of style and excellence. Give us a trial and you will receive polite attention and high class workmanship.

GUION & DAVIS,

dec 4 tf 7 South Front St.

Wilmington's Big Racket Store

On Front Street, near Postoffice,

Has been the scene of constant activity this week. We have been receiving thousands of dollars worth of New Goods for the Spring trade, while our salespeople, who number about twenty-five, have had a successful and busy week.

In our Dress Goods Department, which is a strong department in our store, we are showing a handsome line of new weaves in 54 inch goods that are beautiful, stylish and serviceable. We are selling the sharkskin Ladies Dress Goods, very substantial, 48 inches wide, for 98c per yard. Our 54 inch Pan Cloth, in all Spring shades for suits, regular price $.125, our price 98c. Venetian cloths, all wool, high grade, 48c. Albatross for waists for 25c. Thirty pieces Dress Goods, all double fold, that we sold for 12½ and 15c, will sell now for 8 and 10c to make room. Five thousand yards best calico, standard goods in dark colors, to close out 4½c. A full line of new linen finish Gingham, in solid colors at 10c. A line of Chambray remnants to sell for 7c per yard. A lot of India Linen remnants, 4 and 5 yard pieces, to sell at 7c; regular 10c goods.

In our Ribbon Department we have some things to sell. In this department we carry the largest stock of any house in the city. Baby Ribbon at 1c per yard. A beautiful Silk Ribbon in all colors, 2½ inch wide, for 10c per yard. A line of colors in 3½ and 4 inch all-silk ribbon at 10c per yard. Also a full line of Velvet Ribbon, in all widths and prices.

In our Millinery Department we are making preparation for an Easter trade. We have a great many fancy Feathers, Breasts, Tips and Plumes that we would like to sell. Will sell you a wire-wrapped Breast 12 inches long, warranted not to shed, for 25c. Fancy Feathers at all prices, from 5c to 25c and up. In Hats, we have over one thousand to sell at 25c each. All this Winter's hats. We had rather have the room than to have the Hats. Come and get one for 25c.

In our Men and Boys' Clothing Department we have had an unusually good trade. Our tables are filled up with Clothing, and to reduce this stock and get room for Spring goods we have cut the price all through. Will sell you a $20 suit for $12.50; a $15 suit for $10. Our $10 goods we are selling for $8; our $8 and $9 suits for $7; $7 suits for $5, the $5 goods for $3.50, and the $3 black worsted suits we will close at $2.25.

In our Overcoat Department, we have thirty or forty coats on hand. Will sell you a new, all wool Raglan for $5.65; A $10 all wool Serge Twill for $6.

A full size long Beaver Coat for $4.50, and a $10 Beaver Coat for $7.50. Our $15 Beavers for $10.

Men's Fine Pants—We have just received 365 pair, all grades, new Spring Pants; men's heavy, well made Pants, double stitched seams, at 98c a pair, in three colors. Beautiful Worsted Pants, in up-to-date styles, for $1.48; 100 pair to select from. A nice line of Pants from $2 to $5 a pair.

We also handle a full line of Rubber goods—Rubber Shoes from 10c to $1 a pair. Men's Rubber Boots from $2.50 to $3.98 a pair. Men's and Boys' Mackintoshes for $1.19 and $2 each. Ladies' Mackintoshes from $2.50 to $4 each. Rubber Sheeting of all widths—27 inches wide, 39c; 36 inches wide, 48c; 1½ yards wide, 75c; 2 yards wide, $1.

In our store you will find anything you want. We handle all classes of Dry Goods and Domestic Goods.

Shoes for everybody, Trunks and Valises, Men's and Boys' Hats, Ladies' and Children's Underwear and anything you can call for. Bring your card and get it punched.

Wilmington's Big Racket Store,

GEO. O. GAYLORD.

feb 16 tf

J. W. NORWOOD, Pres. JOHN S. ARMSTRONG, Vice Pres.

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Organized 1892. Capital $125,000.

Deposits $1,500,000. Resources $2,000,000.

Paid to Stockholders in Dividends $135,000.

LIBERAL IN TREATMENT. MODERN IN METHODS.

ANDREW MORELAND, Cashier.

J. W. YATES, Ass't Cashier. feb 4 tf

How You Can Make Money.

Not by keeping it in your house, for you are in danger of losing it by thieves, and if you do not lose it in this way, still you are losing money because it is earning you nothing.

Deposit your money with us, it will be absolutely safe, will earn interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, compounded quarterly, and will be available at any time. Small sums as welcome as the deposit of the capitalist.

The People's Savings Bank,

Opposite the Postoffice.

DIRECTORS.

H. C. M'QUEEN, J. S. ARMSTRONG, WM. CALDER,
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feb 14 tf F. W. DICK, Cashier.

SEASONABLE GOODS

MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese.
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter.
Bagging and Ties.
SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CAKE GOODS DEMAND AT THIS SEASON

Sole agents for

ROB ROY FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

Fancy Fruits.

Bananas, Extra Fancy.
Pears, Grapes, Oranges,
Apples.
Nuts, Figs, Dates and Raisins.

Give me a call. I can please you on nice Fruit and Candies.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,

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jan 4 tf

The Best Seed Pays Largest Profits.

VAUGHN'S IMPROVED EARLY OHIO.

WHITE, BLISS, EARLY ROSE,

Seed Potatoes,

White and Rust Proof Oats. Get in your orders.

Dried and Evaporated Apples and a full line of Groceries and Provisions.

HALL & PEARSALL,

(INCORPORATED.)

jan 26 tf Wholesale Grocers.

FANCY FLORIDA ORANGES.

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feb 15 1y

FOUNTAIN PENS!

I have a full line of

Waterman's Ideal Fountain PENS,

and can give you any style of point. All Pens fully guaranteed and sold at Manufacturers' prices, from $2.50 up.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET,

107 Market St.

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LOOK AT THIS.

Fresh Load of Horses and Mules

Just arrived, among them several Kentucky saddle and general business Horses. I also carry a full stock of

BUGGIES, HARNESS, ETC.,

For sale and have lately added to my business a light Livery. new Buggies and stylish Horses. Call and see me.

F. T. MILLS.

ja 26 tf